

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT

For

Coventry Crossings

Harkney Hill Road Coventry, Rhode Island Assessor's Plat 10, Lot 29 Assessor's Plat 18, Lot 86

prepared for: KREG New Homes, LLC. 39 Nooseneck Hill Road West Greenwich, Rhode Island 02817

prepared by:





Garofalo & Associates, Inc. 85 Corliss Street, Providence, RI 02940 Tel.: (401).273.6000; Fax: (401).273.1000

January 4, 2023 (REV. 08/01/2024)

PN 7398-00





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I. PROJECT SUMMARY

Garofalo and Associates, Inc. has prepared this Stormwater Management Report to outline drainage requirements for development activities proposed on Harkney Hill Road, and outline the calculations and methodology used to design a proposed stormwater management system to comply with the Town of Coventry Stormwater Ordinance, the current edition of the *RI Stormwater Design and Installations Standards Manual* (RISDISM) and the Freshwater Wetlands Rules and Regulations.

The 30.96-acre project area is situated on the northern portion of Harkney Hill Road (Route 118), immediately north of the intersection of Harkney Hill Road and Nooseneck Hill Road (Route 3). The property is identified as the Town of Coventry Tax Assessor's Plat 10, Lot 29 and Tax Assessor's Plat 18, Lot 86. The site is bounded by Harkney Hill Road and Nooseneck Hill Road to the east and south, Hill Farm Road and residences of Wisteria Drive to the west, and residences of Wood Cove Drive to the north.



Figure 1. Locus Map





The proposed development primarily involves the construction of sixty (60) single unit residences and thirty (30) duplex residences, along with a commercial structure. Two site accesses are proposed to serve the development. The southern access is proposed along Harkney Hill Road approximately 250 feet north of Maple Root Road, and the northern access is located along Nooseneck Hill Road approximately 170 feet south of Leisure Way. Both site accesses will serve the residential units, with the northern access additionally serving the commercial building. Parking will be provided by individual driveways at each single-unit and duplex residence, with a parking field providing parking for the commercial building. The project will also provide pedestrian walkways, lighting, landscaping, and other site amenities.



Figure 2. Development Schematic



II. SITE CONDITIONS

2.1 Site Characteristics

The existing 30.96-acre project area is located north of the Harkney Hill Road and Nooseneck Hill Road intersection, and is comprised of A.P. 10, Lot 29 and A.P. 18, Lot 86. The site is presently undeveloped and is mostly comprised of open fields. Wooded areas are additionally present around the site perimeter and adjacent to the abutting residential properties. Grades throughout the site are flat, generally sloping in a northeasterly direction.



Figure 3. Aerial Image



2.2 Soils

The *Soil Survey of Rhode Island* prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service depicts the underlying soils of the project site to be comprised of Merrimac fine sandy loam and Sudbury sandy loam. Merrimac fine sandy loam and Sudbury sandy loam are classified as hydrologic soil group 'A' and 'B', respectively. See Appendix D for on-site soil evaluations.

Map Unit Symbol	Percent of Site	Map Unit Name	Hydrologic Soil Group
MmA	73.4%	Merrimac fine sandy loam	А
Ss	26.6%	Sudbury sandy loam	В



Figure 4. NRCS Soils Map



2.3 FEMA

The project area is located within Zone "X" (areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot), as shown on F.E.M.A. Flood Insurance Rate Map for the Town of Coventry, Providence County, Rhode Island, Community Panel No. 44003C0111H, having an effective date of October 2, 2015.



Figure 5. FEMA Flood Map

2.4 Wetland Resources

A replicated wetland area (RIDEM File No. 94-0525) delineated by flag series WF100 to WF107 is present in the northeastern portion of the property. Wetland delineation performed on June 14, 2022 and December 29, 2023 by McCue Environmental, LLC classifies this replicated wetland area as a Pond < 1/4 acre. Current freshwater wetland regulations assign a 100-foot Jurisdictional Area and 25-foot buffer zone to this wetland area. See Appendix D for Wetland Delineation Report dated January 2, 2024.





2.5 Natural Resource Inventory

The project site is documented by the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Geographic Information System (GIS) Mapping as being within a Natural Heritage Area.



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III. DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

3.1 Methodology

The project's stormwater management system has been designed to mitigate the impacts of stormwater runoff generated by the proposed site and comply with the development standards and performance criteria of the Town of Coventry and the RISDISM using low-impact development (LID) techniques and best management practices (BMP's).

A single design point has been used in the analysis. Design Point 1 is a closed drainage system within Nooseneck Hill Road (Route 3), located immediately northeast of the proposed development area. The project will maintain existing drainage patterns while addressing the requirements of the RISDISM and Fresh Water Wetlands Act. Specifically, the developed site will provide recharge, water quality treatment, and runoff attenuation by directing stormwater flow into surface infiltration BMPs.

3.2 Existing Conditions

Existing stormwater conditions have been evaluated using five (5) sub-watershed areas that include the project area within the property as well as upstream off-site areas.

EWS-1: This existing sub-watershed area includes central and western portions of the existing property, and is entirely pervious. This portion of the site contains both open fields and wooded areas. Stormwater generally flows northeast over very mild grades, ponding and infiltrating within a natural depression located within the northwest portion of the property. This subwatershed area also contains an existing stormwater basin along the western property line that receives storm flows from Subwatershed E-OSW (described below). Overflows from this basin discharge to the abovementioned natural depression, which then overflows farther eastward into EWS-2 during larger storm events.

EWS-2: This existing sub-watershed area includes open field and wooded areas within the eastern portion of the site, and is entirely pervious. Stormwater flows northeast through this area over mild grades and ultimately into a natural depression within the northeastern corner of the property. Stormwater overflows from this depression during larger storm events into Nooseneck Hill Road (Route 3) and is collected by the closed drainage system within Nooseneck Hill Road. This subwatershed area also contains a replicated wetland area upstream of the natural depression (See Appendix D for Wetland Delineation Report).





E-OSW: This existing sub-watershed area accounts for off-site areas to the west of the property. This area is upgradient of the site and therefore contributes stormwater flow to the project area. This area includes both residential and wooded areas. Stormwater generally flows southeast over mild and moderate grades, crosses beneath Wisteria Drive through a culvert and ultimately discharges into an existing detention basin located on-site along the northwestern portion of the property within EWS-1 (see Appendix D for Wetland Delineation Report).

E-OSN: This existing sub-watershed area accounts for off-site areas to the north of the property. Stormwater generally flows south over mild grades and is ultimately captured within the existing replicated wetland area and natural depression within EWS-2.

E-OSE: This existing sub-watershed area accounts for off-site drainage within Harkney Hill Road and Nooseneck Hill Road along the southern and eastern property boundary. Stormwater within these roadways generally flows northwest over mild grades and into the existing property where it is ultimately collected by the natural ponding areas within EWS-1 and EWS-2.

3.3 Proposed Conditions

The proposed site conditions have been analyzed using nine (9) total sub-watershed areas. Sub-watershed PWS-1, 2A, 2B, 3A, 3B & 4 account for the project area itself, while sub-watersheds P-OSW, P-OSN & P-OSE account for the same off-site contributing drainage areas as previously described in section 3.2.

PWS-1: This proposed sub-watershed area includes the southwestern portion of the site, and is comprised of single-family units and associated roadways, driveways, and sidewalks. Stormwater is collected within the roadways by a closed drainage system and conveyed to an infiltration basin (BMP-1). Overflows from this system discharge northeast beneath the proposed western site access and ultimately into the proposed stormwater 'Compensation Area' (see PWS-2B) along the northern property line.

PWS-2A: This proposed sub-watershed area accounts for the central area of the development, and contains single-family units and duplexes along with associated roadways, driveways, and sidewalks. Stormwater is collected within the roadways by a closed drainage system and conveyed





to an infiltration basin (BMP-2). Overflows from this system discharge directly north and into the proposed stormwater 'Compensation Area' (see PWS-2B) along the northern property line.

PWS-2B: This proposed sub-watershed area accounts for pervious areas along the western and northern property line outside of development areas, along with a proposed stormwater 'Compensation Area'. This stormwater 'Compensation Area' is proposed as a graded depression along the entire northern property line to replicate the natural ponding storage within the existing property that will be displaced by the proposed development. Stormwater flows over mild grades through this area and ponds within the 'Compensation Area.' The 'Compensation Area' has been designed to discharge northeast to the Nooseneck Hill closed drainage system during storm events larger than the 100-year storm in the same manner as the natural ponding areas overflow under existing conditions.

PWS-3A: This sub-watershed area is located within the northeast portion of the property and includes the proposed commercial building and parking field, along with roadway areas directly north of the commercial building. Stormwater is collected within a closed drainage system and conveyed into a proposed infiltration basin (BMP-3). Large storm overflows from this system discharge to farther north to the proposed 'Compensation Area.'

PWS-3B: This proposed sub-watershed area accounts for pervious areas along the southern property line. This area is entirely pervious under proposed conditions, and ultimately discharges north and into the proposed 'Compensation Area.'

PWS-4: This proposed sub-watershed area includes the proposed eastern entrance area to the development. Stormwater is collected within a closed drainage system within this area and discharges to a proposed infiltration basin (BMP-4). Overflows from this system discharge directly north into the proposed 'Compensation Area.'





3.4 Runoff Summary

The following is a comparison summary of the peak discharge rates and total discharge volumes for the existing and proposed site. Design Point 1 retains all stormwater runoff on-site under proposed conditions. See *Appendix A Checklist: Table 5-1 'Hydraulic Analyis Summary'* (under separate cover).

	Peak Discharge Rate (cfs)						
	1 yr	10 yr	100 yr				
Design Point 1							
Existing Runoff	0.00	0.00	0.00				
Proposed Runoff	0.00	0.00	0.00				
ΔQ	-0.00	-0.00	-0.00				
	Tot	al Discharge Volu	me (cf)				
	1 yr	10 yr	100 yr				
Design Point 1							
Existing Runoff	0	0	0				
Proposed Runoff	0	0	0				
ΔQ	-0	-0	-0				

 Table 1. Watershed Runoff Summary

3.5 Water Quality

The design proposes surface infiltration basins that satisfy the water quality treatment requirements of the development standard. See Appendix D for RIDEM Water Quality Volume Calculation Worksheet.

3.6 Pre-treatment

Pre-treatment for the proposed infiltration systems is provided within sediment forebays.

Proposed Subwatershed	Pre-Treatment Required	Pre-Treatment Provided
PWS-1	1,245 CF	2,980 CF
PWS-2A	3,017 CF	9,950 CF
PWS-3A	1,240 CF	3,095 CF
PWS-4	167 CF	168 CF



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IV. STORMWATER STANDARDS:

The proposed development has been designed to meet all of the minimum standards identified in the RISDISM through utilization of infiltration practices and maintenance planning.

4.1 Standard 1: LID Planning and Design Strategies

LID site planning and design strategies must be used to the maximum extent practicable.

<u>Standard Met</u> – LID site planning and strategies have been employed to the maximum extent possible.

4.2 Standard 2: Groundwater Recharge

Stormwater must be recharged within the same sub-watershed to maintain base flow at pre-development recharge levels to the maximum extent practicable.

<u>Standard Met</u> – Recharge will be provided on-site through the proposed infiltration systems (BMP-1, 2, 3 & 4). The weighted average soil recharge factor for the project is 0.53 (73.4% Hydrologic Soil Group 'A' and 26.6% Hydrologic Soil Group 'B')

<u>Design Point 1</u>

Impervious Coverage:	482,019 SF
Required Recharge Volume:	(482,019 SF x 0.53 / 12 in./ft) = 21,289 CF
Total Provided Recharge:	283,285 CF > 21,289 CF
	$1 \cdot 1 \cdot$

(See Appendix C for groundwater recharge volumes provided within each BMP)

4.3 Standard 3: Water Quality

Stormwater runoff must be treated prior to discharge.

Standard Met– Water quality treatment will be provided on site through the proposed infiltrationsystems (BMP-1, 2, 3, & 4).Design Point 1Impervious Coverage:482,019 SFRequired Water Quality Treatment Volume:(482,019 SF / 12 in./ft) = 40,168 CFTotal Provided Water Quality Volume:283,285 CF > 40,168 CF(See Appendix C for water quality volumes provided within each BMP)





4.4 Standard 4: Conveyance and Natural Channel Protection

This standard is designed to prevent erosive flow within natural channels and drainage ways.

Design Point 1

<u>Standard Met</u> – The post-development 1-year, 24-Hour Type III runoff volume is completely retained within the proposed infiltration systems. See Table-1 Watershed Runoff Summary.

4.5 Standard 5: Overbank Flood Protection

Downstream overbank flood protection must be provided by attenuating the post development peak discharge rate to the pre-development levels for the 10-year and 100-year, Type III design storm events

<u>Standard Met</u> – Post-development peak discharge rates have been mitigated within the proposed infiltration systems and brought below pre-development levels during the 10-year and 100-year Type III storm events (see Table-1 Watershed Runoff Summary). Note that a downstream analysis for the project has not been provided, as the proposed development wholly retains the entire 100-year storm event.

4.6 Standard 6: Redevelopment and Infill Projects

For redevelopment sites with 40% or more existing impervious surface coverage and infill sites, only Standards 2, 3, and 7-11 must be addressed.

<u>Standard Not Met</u> – Total existing impervious surface coverage is < 40% of the site size.

(See Appendix D for RIDEM Water Quality Volume Calculation Worksheet)

4.7 Standard 7: Pollution Prevention

All development sites require the use of source control and pollution prevention measures to minimize the impact that the land use may have on stormwater runoff quality.

<u>Standard Met</u> – A Soil Erosion and Sediment Control (SESC) Plan has been prepared for the project and stormwater measures are proposed that comply with the Standard.





4.8 Standard 8: Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads

Stormwater discharges from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads (LUHPPLs) require the use of specific source control and pollution prevention measures and the specific stormwater BMPs approved for such use.

Standard is not applicable – No LUHPPLs on site.

4.9 Standard 9: Illicit Discharges

All illicit discharges to stormwater management systems are prohibited, including discharges from OWTS, sub-drains and French drains near any OWTS that does not meet the State's OWTS Rules.

<u>Standard Met</u> – There are no known illicit discharges at the site and none are proposed as part of this project.

4.10 Standard 10: Construction and Erosion Sedimentation Control

Erosion and sedimentation control practices must be utilized during the construction phase as well as during any land disturbing activities

<u>Standard Met</u> - Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Practices will be employed to avoid and minimize impacts to the existing stormwater systems. Detailed notes area included in the plans as well as within an Erosion and Sediment Control Report to ensure effective implementation of erosion and sedimentation controls.

4.11 Standard 11: Stormwater Management System Operation and Maintenance

The stormwater management system, including all structural stormwater controls and conveyances, must have an operation and maintenance plan to ensure that it continues to function as designed.

<u>Standard Met</u> - A long-term Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan has been prepared for the development in accordance with the Manual, and is provided as a separate document.





V. CONCLUSION

This project has been designed to mitigate the water quality impacts and runoff rates from the proposed development. Water quality treatment for proposed development areas is provided in accordance with the development standards and performance criteria of the Town of Coventry and the *State of Rhode Island Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual*. The project design has incorporated all wetland avoidance and impact minimization measures required under the Rules and Regulations Governing the Administration and Enforcement of the Fresh Water Wetlands Act. Finally, Best Management Practices will be employed to control temporary discharges associated with construction activities in accordance with the standards outlined in the *Rhode Island Soil and Erosion Sediment Control Handbook*.



Appendix A Watershed Maps







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Appendix B Stormwater Analysis Existing Conditions





7398-00 HydroCAD	Type III 24-hr	1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"
Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc		Printed 1/3/2024
HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solution	ns LLC	Page 2
Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 h	rs, 601 points	

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv. Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=74,935 sf 75.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.74" Tc=20.0 min CN=39/98 Runoff=0.97 cfs 4,651 cf
Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.25" Tc=8.0 min CN=50/98 Runoff=0.32 cfs 1,127 cf
Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West Flo	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.14" ow Length=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=35/98 Runoff=1.40 cfs 12,210 cf
Subcatchment EWS-1:	Runoff Area=1,113,390 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Flow Length=1,050' Tc=79.5 min CN=40/0 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Subcatchment EWS-2:	Runoff Area=235,660 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Flow Length=775' Tc=35.1 min CN=50/0 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area Discarde	Peak Elev=251.11' Storage=980 cf Inflow=1.15 cfs 5,778 cf ed=0.57 cfs 5,779 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.57 cfs 5,779 cf
Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area	Peak Elev=251.00' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Discarded=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin Discarded=	Peak Elev=251.07' Storage=4,843 cf Inflow=1.40 cfs 12,210 cf 0.30 cfs 12,209 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.30 cfs 12,209 cf
Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,538,250 sf Runoff Volume = 17,988 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.09" 91.37% Pervious = 2,319,252 sf 8.63% Impervious = 218,998 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 0.97 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 4,651 cf, Depth= 0.74" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description						
18,307	39	>75% Gras	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A					
56,628	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG A					
74,935	84	Weighted A	verage					
18,307	39	24.43% Per	vious Area	l				
56,628	56,628 98 75.57% Impervious Are			ea				
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Slop (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct				

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North

Runoff = 0.32 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 1,127 cf, Depth= 0.25" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description			
27	7,442	54	1/2 acre lots	s, 25% imp	o, HSG A	
27	7,443	70	1/2 acre lots	s, 25% imp	, HSG B	
54	1,885	62	Weighted A	verage		
41	1,164	,164 50 75.00% Pervious Area				
13	3,721	98	25.00% Imp	pervious Are	ea	
Tc L (min)	ength. (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	e Velocity) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
8.0					Direct Entry, Direct	

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 1.40 cfs @ 12.86 hrs, Volume= 12,210 cf, Depth= 0.14" Routed to Pond EX BMP : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

7398-00 HydroCAD

 Type III 24-hr
 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

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 Page 4

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	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
594,595 54		54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A	
_	4	64,785	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
	1,0	59,380	43	Weighted A	verage	
	9	10,731	35	85.97% Pei	vious Area	
	1	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	e Velocity) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
	15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.3	200	0.0100) 9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
						30.0" Round Area= 4.9 st Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
						n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
	66.7	1,155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-1:

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00" Routed to Pond E-PW : West Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

	Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
550,598 39 >75% Grass cover, God					s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
	3	54,578	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
	2	08,214	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
1,113,390			40	Weighted A	verage	
	1,1	13,390	40	100.00% P	ervious Are	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(m	in)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
26	6.8	50	0.0010	0.03		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.30"
52	2.7	1,000	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
70		1 050	Tatal			

79.5 1,050 Total

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-2:

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

7398-00 HydroCAD

Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20" Printed 1/3/2024 as LLC Page 5

Prepared by Garofalo & Ass	ociates, Inc
HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506	© 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	31,799	39 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
	54,886	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
1	06,722	61 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	42,253	55 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG B	
2	35,660	50 \	Neighted A	verage	
2	35,660	50 ´	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.6	50	0.0320	0.18		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
19.3	512	0.0040	0.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
11.2	213	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
35.1	775	Total			

Summary for Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area

Inflow Area	a =	2,538,250 sf,	8.63% In	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.03"	for 1.2-	Inch event
Inflow	=	1.15 cfs @	12.24 hrs,	Volume=	5,778 c	f		
Outflow	=	0.57 cfs @	12.57 hrs,	Volume=	5,779 c	f, Atter	n= 50%,	Lag= 20.4 min
Discarded	=	0.57 cfs @	12.57 hrs,	Volume=	5,779 c	f		
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f		
Routed	to Link I	EX DP-2 : Rte	e 3 Culverts					

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.11' @ 12.57 hrs Surf.Area= 10,228 sf Storage= 980 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 13.1 min calculated for 5,769 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 13.1 min (806.0 - 792.8)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	251.00	' 107,7	15 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00	8,000 28,715 150,000	0 18,358 89,358	0 18,358 107,715	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	;	
#1	Discarded	251.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	253.50'	10.0' long + 1 Head (feet) 0. Coef. (English	00.0 '/' SideZ 20 0.40 0.60) 2.49 2.56 2.	x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.57 cfs @ 12.57 hrs HW=251.11' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.57 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area

2,172,770 sf, 6.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 1.2-Inch event Inflow Area = Inflow 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs. Volume= = 0 cf Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min 0.00 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 0.00 cfs @ 0 cf 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Primary = Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.00' @ 0.00 hrs Surf.Area= 19,000 sf Storage= 0 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: initial storage exceeds outflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: no inflow)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage St	torage Description	
#1	251.00'	120,4	75 cf Cu	ustom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	on Se et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Sto (cubic-fe	core Cum.Store eet) (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0)0)0)0	19,000 50,700 120,550	34,8 85,6	0 0 850 34,850 625 120,475	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet D	Devices	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	251.00' 252.50'	2.410 in 50.0' lo Head (fe Coef. (E	n/hr Exfiltration over Surface area ng + 100.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular W feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64	Veir

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Passes 0.00 cfs of 1.06 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Imperviou	s, Inflow Depth = 0.	14" for 1.2-Inch event
Inflow	=	1.40 cfs @	12.86 hrs, Volume	= 12,210 cf	
Outflow	=	0.30 cfs @	14.48 hrs, Volume	= 12,209 cf,	Atten= 78%, Lag= 97.0 min
Discarded	=	0.30 cfs @	14.48 hrs, Volume	= 12,209 cf	-
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume	= 0 cf	
Routed	to Pond	E-PW : West	Ponding Area		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.07' @ 14.48 hrs Surf.Area= 5,438 sf Storage= 4,843 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 148.3 min calculated for 12,209 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 148.1 min (986.4 - 838.3)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.S	Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	250.00)' 30),075 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc. (cubic	Store -feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
250.0 251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00 00	3,850 5,120 9,800 26,460	18	0 4,485 7,460 3,130	0 4,485 11,945 30,075	
Device	Routing	Inve	ert Outle	t Device	S	
#1 #2	Discardeo Primary	1 250.0 252.0	0' 2.410 0' 10.0' Head Coef.	in/hr Ex long + (feet) 0 (English	xfiltration over 5.0 '/' SideZ x .20 0.40 0.60 a) 2.49 2.56 2.	Surface area 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.30 cfs @ 14.48 hrs HW=251.07' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.30 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow.	Area	a =	2	2,538,250 sf,	8.63% Ir	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	0	.00" fo	or 1.	2-Inch event	
Inflow		=		0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0	cf				
Primar	у	=		0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0	cf,	Atten=	0%,	Lag= 0.0 mi	n

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



Event#	Event	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration	B/B	Depth	AMC
	Name				(hours)		(inches)	
1	1-Year	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	2.70	2
2	10-Year	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	4.90	2
3	100-Year	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	8.70	2

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

7398-00 HydroCAD	Type III 24-hr	1-)
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24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Printed 1/3/2024 Page 3

Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=74,935 sf 75.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.27" Tc=20.0 min CN=84 Runoff=1.71 cfs 7,951 cf
Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site Nort	h Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.29" Tc=8.0 min CN=62 Runoff=0.18 cfs 1,307 cf
Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site Wes	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Flow Length=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=43 Runoff=0.00 cfs 16 cf
Subcatchment EWS-1:	Runoff Area=1,113,390 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Flow Length=1,050' Tc=79.5 min CN=40 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Subcatchment EWS-2:	Runoff Area=235,660 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.05" Flow Length=775' Tc=35.1 min CN=50 Runoff=0.03 cfs 899 cf
Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area Discarde	Peak Elev=251.21' Storage=2,098 cf Inflow=1.89 cfs 10,158 cf ed=0.69 cfs 10,158 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.69 cfs 10,158 cf
Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area	Peak Elev=251.00' Storage=0 cf Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Discarded=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin	Peak Elev=250.00' Storage=1 cf Inflow=0.00 cfs 16 cf Discarded=0.00 cfs 16 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.00 cfs 16 cf
Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,538,250 sf Runoff Volume = 10,173 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.05" 91.37% Pervious = 2,319,252 sf 8.63% Impervious = 218,998 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 1.71 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 7,951 cf, Depth= 1.27" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description		
18	3,307	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
56	628	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	4
74	,935	84	Weighted A	verage	
18	3,307	39	24.43% Per	vious Area	3
56	628	98	75.57% Imp	pervious Are	rea
		.			
Tc L	ength	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	:) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
20.0					Direct Entry, Direct
					• ·

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North

1,307 cf, Depth= 0.29"

Runoff = 0.18 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description		
27	7,442	54	1/2 acre lots	s, 25% imp	o, HSG A
27	7,443	70	1/2 acre lots	s, 25% imp	, HSG B
54	1,885	62	Weighted A	verage	
41	1,164	50	75.00% Per	vious Area	1
13	3,721	98	25.00% Imp	pervious Are	ea
Tc L (min)	ength. (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	e Velocity) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.0					Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.42 hrs, Volume= 16 cf, Depth= 0.00" Routed to Pond EX BMP : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

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Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Printed 1/3/2024 LLC Page 5

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A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
5	94,595	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
4	64,785	30	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,0	59,380	43	Neighted A	verage	
9	10,731	35 8	35.97% Pei	vious Area	
1	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	ea	
_				a 14	— • • • •
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	200	0.0100	9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
					30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
66.7	1,155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-1:

Runoff	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf,	Depth= 0.00"
Route	d to Po	ond E-PW : West	Ponding Area		

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

_	Ai	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	5	50,598	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
	3	54,578	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
	2	08,214	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	1,1	13,390	40	Weighted A	verage	
	1,1	13,390	40	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
	Тс	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	26.8	50	0.0010	0.03		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.30"
	52.7	1,000	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	70 5	1 050	Tatal			

79.5 1,050 Total

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-2:

Runoff	=	0.03 cfs @	15.56 hrs,	Volume=	899 cf,	Depth= 0.05"
Routed	to Pond	E-PE : East	Ponding Ar	ea		

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

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Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Printed 1/3/2024 LLC Page 6

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A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	31,799	39 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
	54,886	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
1	06,722	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	42,253	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
2	235,660	50 V	Veighted A	verage	
2	235,660	50 1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.6	50	0.0320	0.18		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
19.3	512	0.0040	0.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
11.2	213	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
05 4	775	Tatal			

35.1 775 Total

Summary for Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area

Inflow Area	a =	2,538,250 sf,	8.63% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.05"	for 1-Year event		
Inflow	=	1.89 cfs @	12.28 hrs, Volume=	10,158 cf			
Outflow	=	0.69 cfs @	12.75 hrs, Volume=	10,158 cf, Atter	ı= 64%, Lag= 28.2 min		
Discarded	=	0.69 cfs @	12.75 hrs, Volume=	10,158 cf	-		
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf			
Routed to Link EX DP-2 : Rte 3 Culverts							

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.21' @ 12.75 hrs Surf.Area= 12,286 sf Storage= 2,098 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 22.2 min calculated for 10,141 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 22.2 min (907.0 - 884.9)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	orage Storage I	Description	
#1	251.00	' 107,7	15 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00	8,000 28,715 150,000	0 18,358 89,358	0 18,358 107,715	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	251.00'	2.410 in/hr Ex	filtration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	253.50'	10.0' long + 1 Head (feet) 0.3 Coef. (English)	00.0 '/' SideZ 20 0.40 0.60) 2.49 2.56 2.	x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.69 cfs @ 12.75 hrs HW=251.21' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.69 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area

2,172,770 sf, 6.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 1-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= = 0 cf Outflow = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min 0.00 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 0.00 cfs @ 0 cf 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Primary = Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.00' @ 0.00 hrs Surf.Area= 19,000 sf Storage= 0 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: initial storage exceeds outflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: no inflow)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Stor	rage Description	
#1	251.00'	120,4	75 cf Cus	stom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet	e Cum.Store t) (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0)0)0)0	19,000 50,700 120,550	(34,850 85,625	0 0 0 34,850 5 120,475	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Dev	vices	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	251.00' 252.50'	2.410 in/h 50.0' long Head (fee Coef. (Eng	hr Exfiltration over Surface area g + 100.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular W et) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 glish) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64	/eir

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Passes 0.00 cfs of 1.06 cfs potential flow)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Impervi	ous, Inflow Dept	th = 0.00"	for 1-Year event	
Inflow	=	0.00 cfs @	24.42 hrs, Volun	ne=	16 cf		
Outflow	=	0.00 cfs @	24.54 hrs, Volun	ne=	16 cf, Atter	n= 3%, Lag= 7.4 min	
Discarded	=	0.00 cfs @	24.54 hrs, Volun	ne=	16 cf	•	
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volun	ne=	0 cf		
Routed to Pond E-PW : West Ponding Area							
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 250.00' @ 24.54 hrs Surf.Area= 3,850 sf Storage= 1 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 8.9 min calculated for 16 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.9 min (1,470.7 - 1,461.8)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.	Storage	Storage	Description	
#1	250.0	0' 30),075 cf	Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on s et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.s (cubic-	Store feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
250.0 251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00 00	3,850 5,120 9,800 26,460	4 7 18	0 ,485 ,460 ,130	0 4,485 11,945 30,075	
Device	Routing	Inve	ert Outlet	Device	S	
#1 #2	Discardeo Primary	d 250.0 252.0	0' 2.410 0' 10.0' Head Coef.	in/hr Ex ong + (feet) 0 (English	xfiltration over 5.0 '/' SideZ x ' 0.20 0.40 0.60 n) 2.49 2.56 2.	Surface area 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.21 cfs @ 24.54 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.21 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow .	Area	a =	2,538	3,250 sf,	8.63% Ir	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.00"	for 1-	Year event
Inflow		=	0.00	cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f		
Primar	у	=	0.00	cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f, Atter	n= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

7398-00 HydroCAD	Type III 24-hr	10-Year Rainfall=4.90"
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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method Page 9

Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=74,935 sf 75.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.18" Tc=20.0 min CN=84 Runoff=4.30 cfs 19,852 cf
Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.38" Tc=8.0 min CN=62 Runoff=1.69 cfs 6,298 cf
Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.33" Flow Length=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=43 Runoff=1.47 cfs 28,795 cf
Subcatchment EWS-1:	Runoff Area=1,113,390 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.21" Flow Length=1,050' Tc=79.5 min CN=40 Runoff=0.76 cfs 19,819 cf
Subcatchment EWS-2:	Runoff Area=235,660 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.65" Flow Length=775' Tc=35.1 min CN=50 Runoff=1.45 cfs 12,803 cf
Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area Discarded	Peak Elev=251.78' Storage=12,552 cf Inflow=5.85 cfs 38,953 cf I=1.35 cfs 38,953 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=1.35 cfs 38,953 cf
Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area Discarded	Peak Elev=251.01' Storage=266 cf Inflow=0.76 cfs 19,819 cf l=0.76 cfs 19,819 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.76 cfs 19,819 cf
Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin Discarded	Peak Elev=251.91' Storage=11,098 cf Inflow=1.47 cfs 28,795 cf I=0.52 cfs 26,272 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.52 cfs 26,272 cf
Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,538,250 sf Runoff Volume = 87,568 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.41" 91.37% Pervious = 2,319,252 sf 8.63% Impervious = 218,998 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 4.30 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 19,852 cf, Depth= 3.18" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description						
18,307	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A				
56,628	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	Ą				
74,935	84	Weighted A	verage					
18,307	39	24.43% Per	24.43% Pervious Area					
56,628	98	75.57% Imp	75.57% Impervious Area					
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Slop (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct				

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North

6,298 cf, Depth= 1.38"

Runoff = 1.69 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	27,442	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A	
	27,443	70	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG B	
	54,885	62	Weighted A	verage		
	41,164	50	75.00% Per	vious Area		
	13,721	98 25.00% Impervious Area				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slop (ft/f	e Velocity t) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
8.0					Direct Entry, Direct	

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 1.47 cfs @ 13.40 hrs, Volume= 28,795 cf, Depth= 0.33" Routed to Pond EX BMP : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 1/3/2024 s LLC Page 11

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A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
5	94,595	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
4	64,785	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,0	59,380	43	Weighted A	verage	
9	10,731	35	85.97% Pei	rvious Area	
1	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea
_				_	
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	200	0.0100	9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
					30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
66.7	1,155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-1:

Runoff	=	0.76 cfs @	14.56 hrs,	Volume=	19,819 cf,	Depth= 0.21"
Routed	I to Pond	E-PW : West	t Ponding A	rea		

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
5	50,598	39 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
3	54,578	30	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
2	08,214	61 ;	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
1,1	13,390	40	Neighted A	verage	
1,1	13,390	40	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
26.8	50	0.0010	0.03		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.30"
52.7	1,000	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
70.5	1 050	Total			

79.5 1,050 l otal

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-2:

Runoff	=	1.45 cfs @	12.65 hrs,	Volume=	12,803 cf,	Depth= 0.65"
Routed	to Pond	E-PE : East	Ponding Ar	ea		

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 1/3/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 12

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
	31,799	39 >	39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A							
	54,886	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A						
1	06,722	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B					
	42,253	55 V	<u>Voods, Go</u>	od, HSG B						
2	35,660	50 V	Veighted A	verage						
2	35,660	50 1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
4.6	50	0.0320	0.18		Sheet Flow, A-B					
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"					
19.3	512	0.0040	0.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C					
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps					
11.2	213	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
35.1	775	Total								

Summary for Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area

Inflow Area	a =	2,538,250 sf,	8.63% Im	pervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.18"	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	5.85 cfs @	12.28 hrs,	Volume=	38,953 c	f	
Outflow	=	1.35 cfs @	13.46 hrs,	Volume=	38,953 c	f, Atten	= 77%, Lag= 70.4 min
Discarded	=	1.35 cfs @	13.46 hrs,	Volume=	38,953 c	f	-
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f	
Routed	to Link	EX DP-2 : Rte	3 Culverts				

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.78' @ 13.46 hrs Surf.Area= 24,166 sf Storage= 12,552 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 98.8 min calculated for 38,888 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 98.6 min (970.3 - 871.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	Description	
#1	251.00'	107,7	15 cf Custom S	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00	8,000 28,715 150,000	0 18,358 89,358	0 18,358 107,715	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	251.00'	2.410 in/hr Exf	filtration over	Surface area
#2	Primary	253.50'	10.0' long + 1 Head (feet) 0.2 Coef. (English)	00.0 '/' SideZ 20 0.40 0.60 2.49 2.56 2.	x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.35 cfs @ 13.46 hrs HW=251.78' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.35 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge)

Summary for Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area

2,172,770 sf, 6.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.11" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 0.76 cfs @ 14.56 hrs, Volume= 19.819 cf = 0.76 cfs @ 14.64 hrs, Volume= Outflow = 19,819 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 4.7 min 0.76 cfs @ 14.64 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 19.819 cf 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Primary = Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.01' @ 14.64 hrs Surf.Area= 19,439 sf Storage= 266 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 5.9 min calculated for 19,819 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 5.9 min (1,077.0 - 1,071.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	rage Storag	ge Description	
#1	251.00'	120,47	75 cf Custo	m Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	on Su t)	rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0	00 (1) 00 (1) 00 (1)	19,000 50,700 20,550	0 34,850 85,625	0 34,850 120,475	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	ces	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	251.00' 252.50'	2.410 in/hr l 50.0' long + Head (feet) Coef. (Englis	Exfiltration over Surface area + 100.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 sh) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64	Weir

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.08 cfs @ 14.64 hrs HW=251.01' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.08 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge)

Summary for Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.33"	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	1.47 cfs @	13.40 hrs, Volume=	28,795 cf	
Outflow	=	0.52 cfs @	18.43 hrs, Volume=	26,272 cf, Atter	ı= 64%, Lag= 301.7 min
Discarded	=	0.52 cfs @	18.43 hrs, Volume=	26,272 cf	-
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	
Routed	to Pond	E-PW : West	t Ponding Area		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.91' @ 18.43 hrs Surf.Area= 9,387 sf Storage= 11,098 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 274.5 min calculated for 26,272 cf (91% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 235.1 min (1,259.4 - 1,024.4)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.S	torage Storage	e Description	
#1	250.00	o' 30,	075 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet <u>)</u>	
250.0 251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00 00	3,850 5,120 9,800 26,460	0 4,485 7,460 18,130	0 4,485 11,945 30,075	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outlet Device	es	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	250.00 252.00	 2.410 in/hr E 10.0' long + Head (feet) C Coef. (English 	Exfiltration over Surface area 5.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 h) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64	r Weii

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.52 cfs @ 18.43 hrs HW=251.91' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.52 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow.	Area	a =	2	2,538,250 sf,	8.63% In	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.0	00" for	10)-Year event	
Inflow		=	(0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0	cf				
Primar	у	=		0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0	cf, /	Atten= 0	%,	Lag= 0.0 mir	ſ

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Time span=0.0 Runoff by SCS TF Reach routing by Stor-Ind+T	0-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hr R-20 method, UH=SCS rans method - Pond r	s, 601 points 5, Weighted-Cl outing by Stor	N -Ind method
Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=74,935 s	sf 75.57% Imp	ervious Runoff Depth=6.77"
	Tc=20).0 min CN=84	I Runoff=8.92 cfs 42,271 cf
Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 s	sf 25.00% Imp	ervious Runoff Depth=4.11"
	Tc=8	3.0 min CN=62	2 Runoff=5.56 cfs 18,783 cf
Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West	Runoff Area=1,059,380 s	sf 14.03% Imp	ervious Runoff Depth=1.90"
Flow	Length=1,155' Tc=66.7	min CN=43	Runoff=16.64 cfs 167,322 cf
Subcatchment EWS-1: Flow	Runoff Area=1,113,390	sf 0.00% Imp	ervious Runoff Depth=1.57"
	Length=1,050' Tc=79.5	min CN=40	Runoff=12.00 cfs 145,628 cf
Subcatchment EWS-2:	Runoff Area=235,660	sf 0.00% Imp	ervious Runoff Depth=2.69"
	low Length=775' Tc=3	5.1 min CN=50) Runoff=8.37 cfs 52,788 cf
Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area	Peak Elev=252.64' Stor	age=61,424 cf	Inflow=17.64 cfs 165,906 cf
Discarded=5.92	ofs 165,907 cf Primary=	=0.00 cfs 0 cf	Outflow=5.92 cfs 165,907 cf
Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area	Peak Elev=252.64' Stor	age=81,925 cf	Inflow=26.65 cfs 267,503 cf
Discarded=5.34 cfs 21	5,446 cf Primary=8.32 c	fs 52,065 cf C	Dutflow=13.66 cfs 267,511 cf
Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin	Peak Elev=252.58' Stor	age=20,461 cf	Inflow=16.64 cfs 167,322 cf
Discarded=1.09 cfs 40,4	98 cf Primary=14.69 cfs	5 121,875 cf C	Dutflow=15.77 cfs 162,373 cf
Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts			Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,538,250 sf Runoff Volume = 426,792 cf Average Runoff Depth = 2.02" 91.37% Pervious = 2,319,252 sf 8.63% Impervious = 218,998 sf

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 8.92 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 42,271 cf, Depth= 6.77" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
18,307	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
56,628	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A
74,935	84	Weighted A	verage	
18,307	39	24.43% Per	vious Area	3
56,628	98	75.57% Imp	pervious Are	ea
Tc Length	Slop	be Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct
				-

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSN: Off-Site North

Runoff = 5.56 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 18,783 cf, Depth= 4.11" Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	27,442	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
	27,443	70	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG B
	54,885	62	Weighted A	verage	
	41,164	50	75.00% Per	vious Area	l de la constante de
	13,721	98	25.00% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(CIS)	
8.0					Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment E-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 16.64 cfs @ 13.02 hrs, Volume= 167,322 cf, Depth= 1.90" Routed to Pond EX BMP : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

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Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70" Printed 1/3/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 17

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description					
5	94,595	54 1	4 1/2 acre lots, 25% imp, HSG A					
4	<u>64,785</u>	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A				
1,0	59,380	43 V	Veighted A	verage				
9	10,731	35 8	85.97% Per	vious Area				
1	48,649	98 1	4.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea			
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B			
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"			
15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
0.3	200	0.0100	9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D			
					30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'			
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean			
66.7	1,155	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-1:

12.00 cfs @ 13.26 hrs, Volume= 145,628 cf, Depth= 1.57" Runoff = Routed to Pond E-PW : West Ponding Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

	Area (sf)	CN	Description		
	550,598	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
	354,578	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
	208,214	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
1,	113,390	40	Weighted A	verage	
1,	113,390	40	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
26.8	50	0.0010	0.03		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.30"
52.7	1,000	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
70 F	1 050	Total			

79.5 1,050 I otal

Summary for Subcatchment EWS-2:

Runoff	=	8.37 cfs @	12.53 hrs,	Volume=	52,788 cf,	Depth= 2.69"
Routed	to Pond	E-PE : East	Ponding Are	ea		

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

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Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70" Printed 1/3/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 18

Area (sf)	CN [Description		
31,799	39 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
54,886	30 V	Noods, Go	od, HSG A	
106,722	61 >	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
42,253	55 V	Noods, Go	od, HSG B	
235,660	50 V	Neighted A	verage	
235,660	50 1	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
Tc Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
4.6 50	0.0320	0.18		Sheet Flow, A-B
				Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.30"
19.3 512	0.0040	0.44		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
				Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
11.2 213	0.0040	0.32		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D
				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
25.4 775	Tatal			•

35.1 775 Total

Summary for Pond E-PE: East Ponding Area

Inflow Area	a =	2,538,250 sf,	8.63% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.78" for 100-Year event	
Inflow	=	17.64 cfs @	12.33 hrs, Volume=	165,906 cf	
Outflow	=	5.92 cfs @	15.42 hrs, Volume=	165,907 cf, Atten= 66%, Lag= 185.9 mi	n
Discarded	=	5.92 cfs @	15.42 hrs, Volume=	165,907 cf	
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	
Routed	to Link	EX DP-2 : Rte	3 Culverts		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 252.64' @ 15.42 hrs Surf.Area= 106,166 sf Storage= 61,424 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 151.2 min calculated for 165,631 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 151.2 min (1,017.0 - 865.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	escription	
#1	251.00	107,7	15 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Pi	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 252.0 253.0	00 00 00	8,000 28,715 150,000	0 18,358 89,358	0 18,358 107,715	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	251.00' 253.50'	2.410 in/hr Exf 10.0' long + 10 Head (feet) 0.2 Coef. (English)	iltration over 00.0 '/' SideZ 20 0.40 0.60 2.49 2.56 2.	Surface area x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=5.92 cfs @ 15.42 hrs HW=252.64' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 5.92 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond E-PW: West Ponding Area

2,172,770 sf, 6.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.48" for 100-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 26.65 cfs @ 13.21 hrs, Volume= = 267.503 cf 13.66 cfs @ 14.25 hrs, Volume= Outflow = 267,511 cf, Atten= 49%, Lag= 62.3 min 5.34 cfs @ 14.25 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 215.446 cf = 8.32 cfs @ 14.25 hrs, Volume= 52,065 cf Primary Routed to Pond E-PE : East Ponding Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 252.64' @ 14.25 hrs Surf.Area= 95,639 sf Storage= 81,925 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 171.1 min calculated for 267,066 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 171.2 min (1,121.0 - 949.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	251.00'	120,47	75 cf Custon	Stage Data (Prismatic)Liste	ed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	n Sı t)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet <u>)</u>	
251.0 252.0 253.0	0 0 0 1	19,000 50,700 20,550	0 34,850 85,625	0 34,850 120,475	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	5	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	251.00' 252.50'	2.410 in/hr E 50.0' long + Head (feet) Coef. (Englis	Addition over Surface area 100.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' bread .20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1 .21 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1 .22 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1	a Ith Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 20 1.40 1.60 3 2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=5.34 cfs @ 14.25 hrs HW=252.64' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 5.34 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=8.31 cfs @ 14.25 hrs HW=252.64' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 8.31 cfs @ 0.90 fps)

Summary for Pond EX BMP: Existing Basin

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.	.90" for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	16.64 cfs @	13.02 hrs, Volume=	167,322 cf	
Outflow	=	15.77 cfs @	13.20 hrs, Volume=	162,373 cf,	Atten= 5%, Lag= 10.5 min
Discarded	=	1.09 cfs @	13.20 hrs, Volume=	40,498 cf	-
Primary	=	14.69 cfs @	13.20 hrs, Volume=	121,875 cf	
Routed	to Pone	d E-PW : Wes	t Ponding Area		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 252.58' @ 13.20 hrs Surf.Area= 19,488 sf Storage= 20,461 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 70.3 min calculated for 162,103 cf (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 54.8 min (997.3 - 942.4)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Ste	orage Storage	Description		
#1	250.00	' 30,0)75 cf Custom	Stage Data (Prisn	natic)Listed below (Recale)
Elevatic (fee	on S et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
250.0 251.0 252.0 253.0)0)0)0)0	3,850 5,120 9,800 26,460	0 4,485 7,460 18,130	0 4,485 11,945 30,075		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S		
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	250.00' 252.00'	2.410 in/hr E 10.0' long +	xfiltration over Sur 5.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0	rface area)' breadth Broad-Crestec	I Rectangular Wei
			Head (feet) 0 Coef. (English	.20 0.40 0.60 0.8 n) 2.49 2.56 2.70	0 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.6	34

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.09 cfs @ 13.20 hrs HW=252.58' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 1.09 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=14.68 cfs @ 13.20 hrs HW=252.58' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 14.68 cfs @ 1.96 fps)

Summary for Link EX DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow A	Area	a =	2	,538,250 sf,	8.63% Ir	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.00"	for 1	00-Year event
Inflow		=	(0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f		
Primar	у	=	().00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f, Atte	en= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Appendix C Stormwater Analysis Proposed Conditions





7398-00 HydroCAD Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 Hydro	Type III 24-hr	1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20" Printed 1/5/2024 Page 2
Time span=0.00 Runoff by SCS TR-20 Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Tr	-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imp ans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ir	erv. nd method
SubcatchmentP-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=81,950 sf 69.10% Imper Tc=20.0 min CN=39/98	vious Runoff Depth=0.68" Runoff=0.97 cfs 4,651 cf
Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Imper Tc=8.0 min CN=50/98	vious Runoff Depth=0.25" Runoff=0.32 cfs 1,127 cf
Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West Flow L	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Imper ength=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=35/98	vious Runoff Depth=0.14" Runoff=1.40 cfs 12,210 cf
Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site	Runoff Area=287,200 sf 37.56% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=37/98	vious Runoff Depth=0.37" Runoff=2.35 cfs 8,860 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site	Runoff Area=592,540 sf 49.64% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=48/98	vious Runoff Depth=0.49" Runoff=6.39 cfs 24,159 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass	Runoff Area=237,250 sf 0.00% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=	vious Runoff Depth=0.00" 39/0 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site	Runoff Area=123,410 sf 58.35% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=55/98	vious Runoff Depth=0.58" Runoff=1.57 cfs 5,915 cf
SubcatchmentPWS-3B: South Bypass	Runoff Area=76,625 sf 0.00% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=	vious Runoff Depth=0.00" 48/0 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Subcatchment PWS-4: Northeast Site	Runoff Area=16,090 sf 49.84% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=61/9	vious Runoff Depth=0.49" 98 Runoff=0.20 cfs 659 cf
Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin Discarded=1	Peak Elev=253.02' Storage=332 c .59 cfs 4,923 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf	f Inflow=1.95 cfs 4,923 cf Outflow=1.59 cfs 4,923 cf
Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin Discarded=1.57	Peak Elev=253.00' Storage=185 cf 7 cfs 10,360 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf 0	Inflow=2.28 cfs 10,360 cf Outflow=1.57 cfs 10,360 cf
Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin Discarded=0	Peak Elev=253.00' Storage=58 c .49 cfs 2,412 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf	f Inflow=0.65 cfs 2,412 cf Outflow=0.49 cfs 2,412 cf
Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin Discarde	Peak Elev=253.00' Storage=15 d=0.19 cfs 500 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 c	5 cf Inflow=0.20 cfs 500 cf f Outflow=0.19 cfs 500 cf
Pond CA: Compensation Area Discarded=1	Peak Elev=251.01' Storage=536 c .00 cfs 5,778 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf	f Inflow=1.15 cfs 5,778 cf Outflow=1.00 cfs 5,778 cf
Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin Discarded=0.25	Peak Elev=251.22' Storage=5,191 cf 5 cfs 12,209 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf (Inflow=1.40 cfs 12,210 cf Outflow=0.25 cfs 12,209 cf
Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.03' Storage=2,980 c	f Inflow=2.35 cfs 8,860 cf Outflow=1.95 cfs 4,923 cf

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Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.01' Storage=9,950 cf Inflow=6.39 cfs 24,159 cf Outflow=2.28 cfs 10,360 cf
Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.02' Storage=3,095 cf Inflow=1.57 cfs 5,915 cf Outflow=0.65 cfs 2,412 cf
Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.01' Storage=168 cf Inflow=0.20 cfs 659 cf Outflow=0.20 cfs 500 cf
Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,529,330 sf Runoff Volume = 57,580 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.27" 72.28% Pervious = 1,828,313 sf 27.72% Impervious = 701,017 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 0.97 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 4,651 cf, Depth= 0.68" Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
25,322	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
56,628	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	Ν
81,950	80	Weighted A	verage	
25,322	39	30.90% Per	vious Area	
56,628	98	69.10% Imp	ervious Are	ea
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Slop (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North

Runoff = 0.32 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 1,127 cf, Depth= 0.25" Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	27,442	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
	27,443	70	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG B
	54,885	62	Weighted A	verage	
	41,164	50	75.00% Per	rvious Area	l
	13,721	98	25.00% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	•
8.0					Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 1.40 cfs @ 12.86 hrs, Volume= 12,210 cf, Depth= 0.14" Routed to Pond EX Basin : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20" Printed 1/5/2024 s LLC Page 5

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A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
5	94,595	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
4	64,785	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,0	59,380	43	Weighted A	verage	
9	10,731	35	35.97% Pei	rvious Area	
1	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea
_				_	
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	200	0.0100	9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
					30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
66.7	1,155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site

Runoff = 2.35 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 8,860 cf, Depth= 0.37" Routed to Pond PT-1 : BMP-1 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Are	a (sf)	CN	Description		
48	8,125	98	Roofs, HSG	iΑ	
59	9,740	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A
37	7,000	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
142	2,335	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
287	7,200	60	Weighted A	verage	
179	9,335	37	62.44% Per	vious Area	3
107	7,865	98	37.56% Imp	ervious Are	ea
Tc L	_ength	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
10.0					Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site

Runoff	=	6.39 cfs @	12.14 hrs,	Volume=	24,159 cf,	Depth= 0.49"
Routed	I to Pond	d PT-2 : BMP-	2 Forebay			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

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Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20" Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 6

Area	(sf) C	CN	Description			
149,	,308	98	Roofs, HSG	iΑ		
144,	,816	98	Paved parki	ing, HSG A	L.	
178,	,568	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
119,	,848	61	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B	
592,	,540	73	Weighted A	verage		
298,	,416	48	50.36% Per	vious Area		
294,	,124	98	49.64% Imp	ervious Are	ea	
Tala	nath	Cland	Volocity	Consoitu	Description	
IC Le	engin (felet)	Siobe			Description	
(min)	(leet)	(11/11) (II/sec)	(CIS)		
10.0					Direct Entry, Direct	

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass

Runoff 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
77,955	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
14,325	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
118,595	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
26,375	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
237,250	39	Weighted Average
237,250	39	100.00% Pervious Area
Tc Length	Slop	e Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site

1.57 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 5,915 cf, Depth= 0.58" Runoff = Routed to Pond PT-3 : BMP-3 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,500	98	Roofs, HSG B
16,640	98	Paved parking, HSG A
42,870	98	Paved parking, HSG B
12,886	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
38,514	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
123,410	80	Weighted Average
51,400	55	41.65% Pervious Area
72,010	98	58.35% Impervious Area

7398-00	Hydro	CAD	.			Type II	ll 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"		
Preparec	by Gar	ofalo &	Associate	es, Inc			Printed 1/5/2024		
HydroCAD	D® 10.20-3	<u>3c s/n 0</u>	<u>5506 © 202</u>	3 HydroCAD	Software Solut	tions LLC	Page 7		
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
10.0					Direct Entry	, Direct			
	Summary for Subcatchment PWS-3B: South Bypass								
Runoff Routed	Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf, Depth= 0.00" Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area								
Runoff by Type III 2	SCS TR 4-hr 1.2-	-20 me Inch Ra	thod, UH=9 ainfall=1.20	SCS, Split P "	ervious/Imper	v., Time S j	oan= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs		
Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description						
2	45,695	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG A				
3	30,930	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
7	76,625	48	Weighted A	verage					
7	76,625	48	100.00% P	ervious Are	а				
Тс	l enath	Slope	Velocity	Canacity	Description				

	45,695	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
	30,930	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B
	76,625	48	Weighted A	verage	
	76,625	48	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Тс	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
10.0					Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-4: Northeast Site

659 cf, Depth= 0.49" Runoff 0.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= = Routed to Pond PT-4 : BMP-4 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
	8,020	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	3	
	8,070	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	pod, HSG B	
	16,090	79	Weighted A	verage		
	8,070	61	1 50.16% Pervious Area			
	8,020	98	49.84% Impervious Area			
_						
Тс	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description	
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)		
6.0					Direct Entry, Direct	

Summary for Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 287,200 sf, 37.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.21" for 1.2-Inch event Inflow = 1.95 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 4,923 cf 1.59 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 1.59 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 4,923 cf, Atten= 18%, Lag= 4.3 min Outflow = Discarded = 4,923 cf Primary 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

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Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.02' @ 12.21 hrs Surf.Area= 16,663 sf Storage= 332 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 3.5 min calculated for 4,914 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.5 min (885.7 - 882.3)

Volume	Inver	t Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	253.00	79,78	80 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
253.0 257.0	00 00	16,630 23,260	0 79,780	0 79,780	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	s	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	253.00' 252.00'	8.270 in/hr Ex 24.0" Round L= 85.0' CPF Inlet / Outlet In p= 0.013 Cor	xfiltration over Culvert P, square edge nvert= 252.00' /	Surface area headwall, Ke= 0.500 252.00' S= 0.0000 '/' Cc= 0.900 poth interior _ Elow Area= 3.14 sf
#3	Device 2	256.25'	24.0" x 24.0" Limited to wei	Horiz. Orifice/(Grate $C= 0.600$ ads

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.19 cfs @ 12.21 hrs HW=253.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.19 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Culvert (Passes 0.00 cfs of 2.54 cfs potential flow)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin

592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.21" for 1.2-Inch event Inflow Area = Inflow 2.28 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 10.360 cf = Outflow 1.57 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 10,360 cf, Atten= 31%, Lag= 2.4 min = 1.57 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 10,360 cf Primary 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.00' @ 12.20 hrs Surf.Area= 74,881 sf Storage= 185 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 2.0 min calculated for 10,342 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 2.0 min (929.4 - 927.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	ige Storage	e Description	
#1	253.00'	175,089	ocf Custor	m Stage Data (Pri	smatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf.	Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)	(5	sq-ft) (cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
253.00	74	,875	0	0	
255.25	80	,760	175,089	175,089	

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	254.25'	50.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 8.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.43 2.54 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64
			2.64 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74

Discarded OutFlow Max=14.33 cfs @ 12.20 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 14.33 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	a =	123,410 sf,	58.35% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.23	3" for 1.2-Inch event			
Inflow	=	0.65 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	2,412 cf				
Outflow	=	0.49 cfs @	12.36 hrs, Volume=	2,412 cf, At	ten= 24%, Lag= 2.9 min			
Discarded	=	0.49 cfs @	12.36 hrs, Volume=	2,412 cf				
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf				
Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area								

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.00' @ 12.36 hrs Surf.Area= 17,290 sf Storage= 58 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 2.0 min calculated for 2,408 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 2.0 min (939.3 - 937.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	escription	
#1	253.00	46,4	23 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Pris	matic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
253.0 255.2	00 25	17,280 23,985	0 46,423	0 46,423	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exf	iltration over Su	irface area
#2	Primary	254.25'	40.0' long + 3. Head (feet) 0.2 Coef. (English)	0 '/' SideZ x 25. 0 0.40 0.60 0.8 2.68 2.70 2.70	0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 30 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.31 cfs @ 12.36 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.31 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 16,090 sf, 49.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.37" for 1.2-Inch event Inflow = 0.20 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 500 cf Outflow = 0.19 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 500 cf, Atten= 4%, Lag= 1.1 min Discarded = 0.19 cfs @ 12.11 hrs, Volume= 500 cf Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area 0 cf 0 cf
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.00' @ 12.11 hrs Surf.Area= 6,258 sf Storage= 15 cf
Plug-Flow detention time= 1.3 min calculated for 500 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.3 min (839.2 - 837.9)
Volume Invert Avail.Storage Storage Description
#1 253.00' 10,774 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
ElevationSurf.AreaInc.StoreCum.Store(feet)(sq-ft)(cubic-feet)(cubic-feet)
253.00 6,255 0 0 254.50 0,440 10,774 10,774
254.50 8,110 10,774 10,774
Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices
#1 Discarded 253.00' 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area #2 Primary 253.50' 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular We Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
Discarded OutFlow Max=1.20 cfs @ 12.11 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 1.20 cfs)
Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)
Summary for Pond CA: Compensation Area
Inflow Area = 2,529,330 sf, 27.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.03" for 1.2-Inch event Inflow = 1.15 cfs @ 12.24 hrs, Volume= 5,778 cf Outflow = 1.00 cfs @ 12.36 hrs, Volume= 5,778 cf, Atten= 13%, Lag= 7.5 min Discarded = 1.00 cfs @ 12.36 hrs, Volume= 5,778 cf Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Routed to Link PR DP-2 : Rte 3 Culverts
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 251.01' @ 12.36 hrs Surf.Area= 63,102 sf Storage= 536 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 9.1 min calculated for 5,778 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.9 min (801.8 - 792.8)

7398-00 HydroCAD Type III 24-hr 1.2-Inch Rainfall=1.20" Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 11 Avail.Storage Storage Description Volume Invert #1 251.00' 236,188 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc) Elevation Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store (feet) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) (sq-ft) 251.00 63.020 0 0 252.00 72,620 67,820 67,820 84,690 78,655 146,475 253.00 94,735 254.00 89,713 236,188 Device Routing Invert **Outlet Devices** #1 Discarded 251.00' 2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area #2 Primary 253.25' 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 6.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.37 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.52 cfs @ 12.36 hrs HW=251.01' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.52 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin

2.65 2.66 2.66 2.67 2.69 2.72 2.76 2.83

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.14'	' for 1.2-Inch event
Inflow	=	1.40 cfs @	12.86 hrs, Volume=	12,210 cf	
Outflow	=	0.25 cfs @	14.78 hrs, Volume=	12,209 cf, Atte	en= 82%, Lag= 115.1 min
Discarded	=	0.25 cfs @	14.78 hrs, Volume=	12,209 cf	-
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	
Routed	to Pond	CA : Comper	nsation Area		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 251.22' @ 14.78 hrs Surf.Area= 4,512 sf Storage= 5,191 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 184.6 min calculated for 12,189 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 184.3 min (1,022.6 - 838.3)

Volume	Invert	Ava	il.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	250.00'		60,380 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf.	.Area	Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)	(sq-ft)	(cubio	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
250.00	2	4,000		0	0	
252.00	2	4,840		8,840	8,840	
254.00	13	3,350	1	8,190	27,030	
256.00	20	0,000	3	3,350	60,380	

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	250.00' 252.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 10.0' long + 5.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64
Discard [€] —1=Ex	ed OutFlow filtration(Ex	Max=0.25 cfs filtration Cont	@ 14.78 hrs HW=251.22' (Free Discharge) rols 0.25 cfs)
Primary [€] —2=Br	outFlow Ma	ax=0.00 cfs @ Rectangula r	0.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)
		Sumr	nary for Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay
Inflow A Inflow Outflow Primary Route	rea = 2 = 2. = 1. = 1. ed to Pond B	287,200 sf, 3 35 cfs @ 12 95 cfs @ 12 95 cfs @ 12 95 cfs @ 12 MP-1 : Infiltrat	7.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.37" for 1.2-Inch event .14 hrs, Volume= 8,860 cf .14 hrs, Volume= 4,923 cf, Atten= 17%, Lag= 0.0 min .14 hrs, Volume= 4,923 cf ion Basin
Routing Peak Ele	by Stor-Ind m ev= 253.03' @	ethod, Time 0 12.14 hrs	Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Surf.Area= 1,935 sf Storage= 2,980 cf
Plug-Flo Center-o	w detention ti of-Mass det. ti	ime= 203.8 m ime= 96.5 mii	in calculated for 4,914 cf (55% of inflow) ו (882.3 - 785.7)
Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age Storage Description
#1	251.00'	2,98	0 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee 251.0	on Su et) 00	rf.Area <u>(sq-ft)</u> 1,045	Inc.Store Cum.Store (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) 0 0
253.0	00	1,935	2,980 2,980
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	252.99'	90.0' long x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=1.86 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=253.03' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 1.86 cfs @ 0.53 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay

Inflow Area = 592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.49" for 1.2-Inch event 6.39 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 2.28 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 2.28 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= Inflow 24,159 cf = 10,360 cf, Atten= 64%, Lag= 1.4 min Outflow = Primary = 10,360 cf Routed to Pond BMP-2 : Infiltration Basin

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.01' @ 12.15 hrs Surf.Area= 7,025 sf Storage= 9,950 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 266.1 min calculated for 10,342 cf (43% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 141.7 min (927.4 - 785.7)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	storage Storage	e Description	
#1	251.0	00' 9	,950 cf Custor	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 253.0	00 00	2,925 7,025	0 9,950	0 9,950	
Device	Routing	Inve	rt Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	252.99	 325.0' long Head (feet) 2.50 3.00 Coef. (Englis 3.30 3.31 3 	+ 3.0 '/' SideZ x 0.20 0.40 0.60 h) 2.69 2.72 2. .32	1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=1.81 cfs @ 12.16 hrs HW=253.01' (Free Discharge) ▲ 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.81 cfs @ 0.34 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay

Inflow Area	a =	123,410 sf,	58.35% In	npervious,	Inflow Depth	= 0.5	58" for	1.2-Ir	nch event	
Inflow	=	1.57 cfs @	12.14 hrs,	Volume=	5,915	5 cf				
Outflow	=	0.65 cfs @	12.32 hrs,	Volume=	2,412	2 cf, A	Atten= 5	9%, La	ag= 10.7 mi	n
Primary	=	0.65 cfs @	12.32 hrs,	Volume=	2,412	2 cf			-	
Routed	to Pond	BMP-3 : Infilt	tration Basi	n						

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.02' @ 12.30 hrs Surf.Area= 2,030 sf Storage= 3,095 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 279.6 min calculated for 2,408 cf (41% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 151.6 min (937.4 - 785.7)

Volume	Inve	ert Avail.St	orage Storage	e Description	
#1	251.0	00' 3,	095 cf Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 253.0	00 00	1,065 2,030	0 3,095	0 3,095	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outlet Device	es	
#1	Primary	252.99	' 50.0' long + Head (feet) 2.50 3.00	• 3.0 '/' SideZ x 1 0.20 0.40 0.60 (1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=0.54 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=253.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.54 cfs @ 0.43 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay

Inflow Are	ea =	16,090 sf	, 49.84% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.49"	for 1.2-Inch event
Inflow	=	0.20 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	659 cf	
Outflow	=	0.20 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	500 cf, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	0.20 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	500 cf	•
Routed	d to Po	nd BMP-4 : Infil	tration Basin		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.01' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 315 sf Storage= 168 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 138.5 min calculated for 500 cf (76% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 55.8 min (837.9 - 782.0)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	252.0)0' 1	68 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatic (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	1
252.0 253.0)0)0	20 315	0 168	0 168	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	5	
#1	Primary	252.99'	35.0' long + 3 Head (feet) 0. 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English 3.30 3.31 3.3	3.0 '/' SideZ x 20 0.40 0.60) 2.69 2.72 2. 2	1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=0.19 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=253.01' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.19 cfs @ 0.34 fps)

Summary for Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow A	Area	=	2	529,330 sf,	27.72% lr	mpervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.00"	for 1.	2-Inch event
Inflow		=	C).00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f		
Primar	у	=	C).00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f, Atter	ו= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



Event#	Event	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration	B/B	Depth	AMC
	Name				(hours)		(inches)	
1	1-Year	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	2.70	2
2	10-Year	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	4.90	2
3	100-Year	Type III 24-hr		Default	24.00	1	8.70	2

Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

7398-00 HydroCADType III 24-hPrepared by Garofalo & Associates, IncHydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Printed 1/5/2024 LLC Page 3

Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=81,950 sf 69.10% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03" Tc=20.0 min CN=80 Runoff=1.48 cfs 7,033 cf
Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.29" Tc=8.0 min CN=62 Runoff=0.18 cfs 1,307 cf
Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Flow Length=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=43 Runoff=0.00 cfs 16 cf
Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site	Runoff Area=287,200 sf 37.56% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.23" Tc=10.0 min CN=60 Runoff=0.65 cfs 5,565 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site	Runoff Area=592,540 sf 49.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=73 Runoff=8.27 cfs 33,530 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass	Runoff Area=237,250 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Tc=10.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site	Runoff Area=123,410 sf 58.35% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.03" Tc=10.0 min CN=80 Runoff=2.87 cfs 10,591 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3B: South Bypass	Runoff Area=76,625 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.03" Tc=10.0 min CN=48 Runoff=0.01 cfs 160 cf
Subcatchment PWS-4: Northeast Site	Runoff Area=16,090 sf 49.84% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.97" Tc=6.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.40 cfs 1,306 cf
Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin Discarded=	Peak Elev=253.00' Storage=31 cf Inflow=0.16 cfs 2,602 cf =0.15 cfs 2,602 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.15 cfs 2,602 cf
Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin Discarded=7.	Peak Elev=253.01' Storage=903 cf Inflow=9.30 cfs 28,492 cf 69 cfs 28,492 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=7.69 cfs 28,492 cf
Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin Discarded=	Peak Elev=253.01' Storage=213 cf Inflow=2.28 cfs 6,553 cf =1.82 cfs 6,553 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=1.82 cfs 6,553 cf
Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin Discarded=	Peak Elev=253.01' Storage=31 cf Inflow=0.42 cfs 1,164 cf =0.40 cfs 1,164 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.40 cfs 1,164 cf
Pond CA: Compensation Area Discarded=	Peak Elev=251.01' Storage=751 cf Inflow=1.66 cfs 8,500 cf =1.40 cfs 8,500 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=1.40 cfs 8,500 cf
Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin Disc	Peak Elev=250.00' Storage=3 cf Inflow=0.00 cfs 16 cf arded=0.00 cfs 16 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outflow=0.00 cfs 16 cf
Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.00' Storage=2,973 cf Inflow=0.65 cfs 5,565 cf Outflow=0.16 cfs 2,602 cf

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Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.03' Storage=9,950 cf Inflow=8.27 cfs 33,530 cf Outflow=9.30 cfs 28,492 cf
Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.05' Storage=3,095 cf Inflow=2.87 cfs 10,591 cf Outflow=2.28 cfs 6,553 cf
Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.02' Storage=168 cf Inflow=0.40 cfs 1,306 cf Outflow=0.42 cfs 1,164 cf
Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,529,330 sf Runoff Volume = 59,507 cf Average Runoff Depth = 0.28" 72.28% Pervious = 1,828,313 sf 27.72% Impervious = 701,017 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 1.48 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 7,033 cf, Depth= 1.03" Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
25,322	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG A
56,628	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	A
81,950	80	Weighted A	verage	
25,322	39	30.90% Per	vious Area	1
56,628	98	69.10% Imp	pervious Are	ea
-			0	
IC Length	Slop	be Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct
				-

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North

1,307 cf, Depth= 0.29"

Runoff = 0.18 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (st	f) CN	Description		
27,44	2 54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
27,44	3 70	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG B
54,88	5 62	Weighted A	verage	
41,16	4 50	75.00% Pei	vious Area	l
13,72	1 98	25.00% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
Tc Leng (min) (fee	ıth Slor et) (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.0				Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.42 hrs, Volume= 16 cf, Depth= 0.00" Routed to Pond EX Basin : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Printed 1/5/2024 LLC Page 6

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Ar	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
5	94,595	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp,	, HSG A
4	64,785	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,0	59,380	43	Weighted A	verage	
9	10,731	35	85.97% Pei	vious Area	
14	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea
То	Longth	Slope	Volocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	Description
50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	200	0.0100	9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
					30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
66.7	1,155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site

Runoff	=	0.65 cfs @	12.38 hrs,	Volume=	5,565 cf,	Depth= 0.23"
Routed	I to Pond	PT-1 : BMP-	1 Forebay			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (s	f) CN	Description				
48,12	5 98	Roofs, HSG A				
59,74	0 98	Paved parking, HSG A				
37,00	0 30	Woods, Good, HSG A				
142,33	5 39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
287,20	0 60	Weighted Average				
179,33	5 37	62.44% Pervious Area				
107,86	5 98	37.56% Impervious Area				
Tc Leng	gth Slo	ope Velocity Capacity Description				
(min) (fee	et) (ft	t/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct				

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site

Runoff	=	8.27 cfs @	12.16 hrs,	Volume=	33,530 cf,	Depth= 0.68"
Routed	to Pond	PT-2 : BMP-	2 Forebay			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Printed 1/5/2024 LLC Page 7

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140 202						
149,300	98 Roofs,	ISG A				
144,816	98 Paved	arking, HSG A				
178,568	39 >75% 0	rass cover, Good, HSG A				
119,848	61 >75% 0	rass cover, Good, HSG B				
592,540	73 Weighte	Weighted Average				
298,416	48 50.36%	50.36% Pervious Area				
294,124	98 49.64%	49.64% Impervious Area				
Tc Length	Slope Velo	ity Capacity Description				
(min) (feet)	<u>(ft/ft)</u> (ft/s	ec) (cfs)				
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct				
144,616 178,568 119,848 592,540 298,416 294,124 Tc Length (min) (feet) 10.0	96 Paved [39 >75% (61 >75% (73 Weighte 48 50.36% 98 49.64% Slope Veloc (ft/ft) (ft/s)	rass cover, Good, HSG A rass cover, Good, HSG A rass cover, Good, HSG B d Average Pervious Area Impervious Area ity Capacity Description ec) (cfs) Direct Entry, Direct				

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area 0 cf, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description				
77,955	30	Woods, Good, HSG A				
14,325	55	Woods, Good, HSG B				
118,595	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
26,375	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B				
237,250	39	Weighted Average				
237,250	39	100.00% Pervious Area				
To Longth	Clar	No. Valasity Conscity Description				
	210	e velocity Capacity Description				
(min) (feet)	(ft/	rt) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct				

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site

Runoff = 2.87 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 10,591 cf, Depth= 1.03" Routed to Pond PT-3 : BMP-3 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description	
12,500	98	Roofs, HSG B	
16,640	98	Paved parking, HSG A	
42,870	98	Paved parking, HSG B	
12,886	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A	
38,514	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B	
123,410	80	Weighted Average	
51,400	55	41.65% Pervious Area	
72,010	98	58.35% Impervious Area	

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Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)									
10.0 Direct Entry, Direct									
Summary for Subcatchment PWS-3B: South Bypass									
Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 16.82 hrs, Volume= 160 cf, Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area	Depth= 0.03"								
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"									
Area (sf) CN Description									
45,695 39 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A									
30,930 61 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B									
76,625 48 Weighted Average									
76,625 48 100.00% Pervious Area									
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity Description (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)									
10.0 Direct Entry, Direct									
Summary for Subcatchment PWS-4: Northeast Site									
Runoff = 0.40 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,306 cf, Routed to Pond PT-4 : BMP-4 Forebay	Depth= 0.97"								
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.0 Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"	0-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs								
Area (sf) CN Description									

Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sr)	CN	Description					
	8,020	98	Paved parking, HSG B					
	8,070	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B					
	16,090	79	Weighted Average					
	8,070	61	50.16% Pervious Area					
	8,020	98	49.84% Impervious Area					
Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
6.0					Direct Entry, Direct			

Summary for Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin

 Inflow Area =
 287,200 sf, 37.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 0.11" for 1-Year event

 Inflow =
 0.16 cfs @
 15.25 hrs, Volume=
 2,602 cf

 Outflow =
 0.15 cfs @
 15.43 hrs, Volume=
 2,602 cf, Atten= 4%, Lag= 10.7 min

 Discarded =
 0.15 cfs @
 15.43 hrs, Volume=
 2,602 cf

 Primary =
 0.00 cfs @
 0.00 hrs, Volume=
 0 cf

 Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area
 0 cf
 0 cf
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Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.00' @ 15.43 hrs Surf.Area= 16,633 sf Storage= 31 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 3.5 min calculated for 2,597 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.5 min (1,133.5 - 1,130.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	e Description				
#1	253.00'	79,7	80 cf Custor	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)				
253.0 257.0	00 00	16,630 23,260	0 79,780	0 79,780				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	es				
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	253.00' 252.00'	8.270 in/hr E 24.0" Round L= 85.0' CP Inlet / Outlet	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 24.0" Round Culvert L= 85.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 252.00' / 252.00' S= 0.0000 '/' Cc= 0.900				
#3	Device 2	256.25'	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf 24.0" x 24.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads					

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.18 cfs @ 15.43 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.18 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Culvert (Passes 0.00 cfs of 2.54 cfs potential flow)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin

592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.58" for 1-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 9.30 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 28.492 cf = Outflow 7.69 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= 28,492 cf, Atten= 17%, Lag= 3.1 min = 7.69 cfs @ 12.47 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 28,492 cf Primary 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.01' @ 12.47 hrs Surf.Area= 74,907 sf Storage= 903 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 2.0 min calculated for 28,445 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 2.0 min (916.9 - 915.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Stora	ge Storage	Description		
#1	253.00'	175,089	cf Custom	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevation	Surf.	Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(feet)	(ទ	sq-ft) (d	cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
253.00	74	,875	0	0		
255.25	80	,760	175,089	175,089		

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	254.25'	50.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 8.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.43 2.54 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64 2.64 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74

Discarded OutFlow Max=14.34 cfs @ 12.47 hrs HW=253.01' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 14.34 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	ı =	123,410 sf,	58.35% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.	64" for 1-Year event		
Inflow	=	2.28 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	6,553 cf			
Outflow	=	1.82 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	6,553 cf,	Atten= 20%, Lag= 3.2 min		
Discarded	=	1.82 cfs @	12.32 hrs, Volume=	6,553 cf	-		
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf			
Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area							

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.01' @ 12.32 hrs Surf.Area= 17,317 sf Storage= 213 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 2.0 min calculated for 6,542 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 2.0 min (926.2 - 924.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	Description	
#1	253.00'	46,4	23 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pri	smatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
253.0 255.2	00 25	17,280 23,985	0 46,423	0 46,423	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Ex	filtration over S	Surface area
#2	Primary	254.25'	40.0' long + 3 Head (feet) 0.2 Coef. (English)	.0 '/' SideZ x 2 20 0.40 0.60 (2.68 2.70 2.7	5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 0 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.31 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=253.01' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.31 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 16,090 sf, 49.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.87" for 1-Year event Inflow = 0.42 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 1,164 cf Outflow = 0.40 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 1,164 cf, Atten= 4%, Lag= 1.5 min Discarded = 0.40 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= 1,164 cf Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area 0 cf 0 cf							
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.01' @ 12.12 hrs Surf.Area= 6,261 sf Storage= 31 cf							
Plug-Flow detention time= 1.3 min calculated for 1,164 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.3 min (876.4 - 875.1)							
Volume Invert Avail.Storage Storage Description							
#1 253.00' 10,774 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)							
ElevationSurf.AreaInc.StoreCum.Store(feet)(sq-ft)(cubic-feet)(cubic-feet)							
253.00 6,255 0 0 254.50 8,110 10,774 10,774							
Device Routing Invert Outlet Devices #1 Discarded 253.00' 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area #2 Primary 253.50' 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.66 2.65 2							
Discarded OutFlow Max=1.20 cfs @ 12.12 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) 1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 1.20 cfs)							
Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)							
Summary for Pond CA: Compensation Area							
Inflow Area = 2,529,330 sf, 27.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.04" for 1-Year event Inflow = 1.66 cfs @ 12.29 hrs, Volume= 8,500 cf Outflow = 1.40 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 8,500 cf, Atten= Discarded = 1.40 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 8,500 cf Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Routed to Link PR DP-2 : Rte 3 Culverts 0 0							
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 251.01' @ 12.43 hrs Surf.Area= 63,134 sf Storage= 751 cf							

Plug-Flow detention time= 8.9 min calculated for 8,486 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.9 min (889.9 - 881.0)

7398-00 HydroCAD Type III 24-hr 1-Year Rainfall=2.70" Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 12 Avail.Storage Storage Description Volume Invert #1 251.00' 236.188 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc) Elevation Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store (feet) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) (sq-ft) 251.00 63.020 0 0 252.00 72,620 67,820 67,820 146,475 253.00 84.690 78,655 254.00 94,735 89,713 236,188 Device **Outlet Devices** Routing Invert #1 Discarded 251.00' 2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area #2 Primary 253.25' 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 6.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.37 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.67 2.69 2.72 2.76 2.83

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.52 cfs @ 12.43 hrs HW=251.01' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.52 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin

Inflow Area = 1.059.380 sf. 14.03% Impervious. Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 1-Year event 0.00 cfs @ 24.42 hrs, Volume= Inflow = 16 cf 0.00 cfs @ 24.63 hrs, Volume= Outflow 16 cf, Atten= 9%, Lag= 12.8 min = 0.00 cfs @ 24.63 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 16 cf 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Primary = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 250.00' @ 24.63 hrs Surf.Area= 4,000 sf Storage= 3 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 17.9 min calculated for 16 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 17.9 min (1,479.7 - 1,461.8)

Volume	Invert	Ava	il.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	250.00'		60,380 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf	.Area	Inc	Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)		sq-ft)	(cubi	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
250.00		4,000		0	0	
252.00	4	4,840		8,840	8,840	
254.00	1:	3,350	1	8,190	27,030	
256.00	2	0,000	3	33,350	60,380	

7398-0	0 HydroCAE)	Type III 24-hi	r 1-Year Rainfall=2.70"
Prepare	ed by Garofalo	o & Associa	ites, Inc	Printed 1/5/2024
HydroCA	D® 10.20-3c_s/	n 05506 © 2	023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC	Page 13
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices 2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 10.0' long + 5.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Be Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2	road-Crested Rectangular Weir
#1	Discarded	250.00'		1.40 1.60
#2	Primary	252.00'		2.69 2.67 2.64

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.22 cfs @ 24.63 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.22 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=250.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay

Inflow Area	a =	287,200 sf,	37.56% In	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.23"	for 1-Y	ear event	
Inflow	=	0.65 cfs @	12.38 hrs,	Volume=	5,565 cf				
Outflow	=	0.16 cfs @	15.25 hrs,	Volume=	2,602 cf	, Atten	= 76%,	Lag= 172.5 m	in
Primary	=	0.16 cfs @	15.25 hrs,	Volume=	2,602 cf			-	
Routed	to Pond	BMP-1 : Infil	tration Basi	n					

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.00' @ 15.25 hrs Surf.Area= 1,933 sf Storage= 2,973 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 345.6 min calculated for 2,597 cf (47% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 178.0 min (1,130.0 - 952.0)

Volume	In	vert Ava	il.Storage	Storage De	scription	
#1	251	.00'	2,980 cf	Custom St	age Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc (cubio	.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 253.0	00 00	1,045 1,935		0 2,980	0 2,980	
Device	Routing	g In	vert Outle	et Devices		
#1	Primar	y 252	2.99' 90.0 Head 2.50 Coef 3.30	long x 1.0 d (feet) 0.20 3.00 f. (English) 2 3.31 3.32	breadth Br 0.40 0.60 2.69 2.72 2.	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir0.801.001.201.401.601.802.00752.852.983.083.203.283.31

Primary OutFlow Max=0.13 cfs @ 15.25 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.13 cfs @ 0.22 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay

 Inflow Area =
 592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 0.68" for 1-Year event

 Inflow =
 8.27 cfs @
 12.16 hrs, Volume=
 33,530 cf

 Outflow =
 9.30 cfs @
 12.42 hrs, Volume=
 28,492 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 15.7 min

 Primary =
 9.30 cfs @
 12.42 hrs, Volume=
 28,492 cf

 Routed to Pond BMP-2 : Infiltration Basin
 28,492 cf

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.03' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 7,025 sf Storage= 9,950 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 100.7 min calculated for 28,445 cf (85% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 33.8 min (915.0 - 881.2)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	torage Storage	Description	
#1	251.0	00' 9	,950 cf Custom	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 253.0	00 00	2,925 7,025	0 9,950	0 9,950	
Device	Routing	Inver	rt Outlet Device	S	
#1	Primary	252.99	9' 325.0' long - Head (feet) (2.50 3.00 Coef. (English 3.30 3.31 3.	3.0 '/' SideZ x 0.20 0.40 0.60 n) 2.69 2.72 2. 32	(1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

Primary OutFlow Max=8.06 cfs @ 12.42 hrs HW=253.03' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 8.06 cfs @ 0.56 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay

Inflow Area	a =	123,410 sf,	58.35% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1	.03" for 1-Year event		
Inflow	=	2.87 cfs @	12.15 hrs, Volume=	10,591 cf			
Outflow	=	2.28 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	6,553 cf,	Atten= 21%, Lag= 7.1 min		
Primary	=	2.28 cfs @	12.27 hrs, Volume=	6,553 cf	-		
Routed to Pond BMP-3 : Infiltration Basin							

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.05' @ 12.25 hrs Surf.Area= 2,030 sf Storage= 3,095 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 183.3 min calculated for 6,553 cf (62% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 68.6 min (924.2 - 855.6)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	Storage Storage	ge Description
#1	251.0)0' 3	,095 cf Custo	om Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
251.0 253.0	00 00	1,065 2,030	0 3,095	0 3,095
Device	Routing	Inve	rt Outlet Devi	ices
#1	Primary	252.99	9' 50.0' long Head (feet) 2.50 3.00	+ 3.0 '/' SideZ x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular W) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=1.97 cfs @ 12.27 hrs HW=253.05' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 1.97 cfs @ 0.66 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay

Inflow Are	ea =	16,090 sf,	49.84% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.97"	for 1-Year event		
Inflow	=	0.40 cfs @	12.10 hrs, Volume=	1,306 cf			
Outflow	=	0.42 cfs @	12.10 hrs, Volume=	1,164 cf, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min		
Primary	=	0.42 cfs @	12.10 hrs, Volume=	1,164 cf	•		
Routed to Pond BMP-4 : Infiltration Basin							

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.02' @ 12.10 hrs Surf.Area= 315 sf Storage= 168 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 71.6 min calculated for 1,164 cf (89% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 19.6 min (875.1 - 855.4)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	252.0) 0' 1	68 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
252.0 253.0	00 00	20 315	0 168	0 168	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	6	
#1	Primary	252.99'	35.0' long + 3 Head (feet) 0 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English 3.30 3.31 3.3	3.0 '/' SideZ x ' .20 0.40 0.60) 2.69 2.72 2. 32	1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 .75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=0.41 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=253.02' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 0.41 cfs @ 0.44 fps)

Summary for Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow /	Area	ı =	2,529,330 sf,	27.72% Imp	pervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.00"	for 1-	Year event
Inflow		=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, V	/olume=	0 c	f		
Primar	y	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, V	/olume=	0 c	f, Atten	i= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Time span=0.00 Runoff by SCS TF Reach routing by Stor-Ind+T	0-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN rans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ir	nd method
Subcatchment P-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=81,950 sf 69.10% Imper Tc=20.0 min CN=80	vious Runoff Depth=2.81" Runoff=4.16 cfs 19,161 cf
Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Imper Tc=8.0 min CN=62	vious Runoff Depth=1.38" Runoff=1.69 cfs 6,298 cf
Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Imper w Length=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=43	vious Runoff Depth=0.33" Runoff=1.47 cfs 28,795 cf
Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site	Runoff Area=287,200 sf 37.56% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=60	vious Runoff Depth=1.24" Runoff=7.35 cfs 29,752 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site	Runoff Area=592,540 sf 49.64% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=73 R	vious Runoff Depth=2.20" unoff=30.05 cfs 108,747 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass	Runoff Area=237,250 sf 0.00% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=39	vious Runoff Depth=0.18" Runoff=0.14 cfs 3,564 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site	Runoff Area=123,410 sf 58.35% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=80	vious Runoff Depth=2.81" Runoff=8.05 cfs 28,855 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3B: South Bypass	Runoff Area=76,625 sf 0.00% Imper Tc=10.0 min CN=48	vious Runoff Depth=0.55" Runoff=0.50 cfs 3,516 cf
Subcatchment PWS-4: Northeast Site	Runoff Area=16,090 sf 49.84% Imper Tc=6.0 min CN=79	vious Runoff Depth=2.72" Runoff=1.15 cfs 3,641 cf
Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin Discarded=3.2	Peak Elev=253.05' Storage=826 cf 0 cfs 13,255 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf (Inflow=5.22 cfs 13,241 cf Outflow=3.20 cfs 13,255 cf
Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin Discarded=14.51 cf	Peak Elev=253.35' Storage=26,438 cf Ir s 140,610 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Ou	nflow=37.02 cfs 140,699 cf tflow=14.51 cfs 140,610 cf
Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin Discarded=3.4	Peak Elev=253.28' Storage=5,010 cf 7 cfs 33,854 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf (Inflow=8.58 cfs 33,833 cf Outflow=3.47 cfs 33,854 cf
Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin Discarded=	Peak Elev=253.01' Storage=86 c 1.10 cfs 3,475 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf	f Inflow=1.15 cfs 3,475 cf Outflow=1.10 cfs 3,475 cf
Pond CA: Compensation Area Discarded=3.5	Peak Elev=251.06' Storage=3,827 cf 5 cfs 40,265 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf (Inflow=5.80 cfs 40,265 cf Outflow=3.55 cfs 40,265 cf
Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin Discarded=0.29 cfs	Peak Elev=252.08' Storage=9,257 cf 16,814 cf Primary=0.65 cfs 7,724 cf (Inflow=1.47 cfs 28,795 cf Outflow=0.94 cfs 24,538 cf
Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.06' Storage=2,980 cf	Inflow=7.35 cfs 29,752 cf Outflow=5.22 cfs 13,241 cf

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Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.11' Storage=9,950 cf Inflow=30.05 cfs 108,747 cf Outflow=37.02 cfs 140,699 cf
Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.15' Storage=3,095 cf Inflow=8.05 cfs 28,855 cf Outflow=8.58 cfs 33,833 cf
Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.04' Storage=168 cf Inflow=1.15 cfs 3,641 cf Outflow=1.15 cfs 3,475 cf
Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,529,330 sf Runoff Volume = 232,331 cf Average Runoff Depth = 1.10" 72.28% Pervious = 1,828,313 sf 27.72% Impervious = 701,017 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 4.16 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 19,161 cf, Depth= 2.81" Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description			
25,322	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A	
56,628	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	ι	
81,950	80	Weighted A	verage		
25,322	39	30.90% Per	vious Area		
56,628	98	69.10% Imp	pervious Are	ea	
Tc Lengt (min) (feet	h Slop t) (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct	

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North

Runoff = 1.69 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area 6,298 cf, Depth= 1.38"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
27,442	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
27,443	70	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG B
54,885	62	Weighted A	verage	
41,164	50	75.00% Pei	vious Area	l
13,721	98	25.00% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Slop (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.0				Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 1.47 cfs @ 13.40 hrs, Volume= 28,795 cf, Depth= 0.33" Routed to Pond EX Basin : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 1/5/2024 s LLC Page 19

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	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
	5	94,595	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
	4	64,785	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
	1,0	59,380	43	Weighted A	verage	
	9	10,731	35	85.97% Pei	rvious Area	
	1	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea
	Tc	Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
						Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
	15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
	0.3	200	0.0100) 9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
						30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
						n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
	66.7	1.155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site

Runoff	=	7.35 cfs @	12.16 hrs,	Volume=	29,752 cf,	Depth= 1.24"
Routed	d to Por	nd PT-1 : BMP-	1 Forebay			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

Area	ı (sf)	CN	Description					
48	,125	98	Roofs, HSG	βA				
59	,740	98	Paved park	ing, HSG A	4			
37	,000	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A				
142	,335	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
287	,200	60	Weighted Average					
179	,335	37	62.44% Per	vious Area	3			
107	,865	98	37.56% Imp	pervious Are	rea			
		~		• •	-			
TC Le	ength	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)				
10.0					Direct Entry, Direct			

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site

Runoff	=	30.05 cfs @	12.15 hrs,	Volume=	108,747 cf,	Depth= 2.20"
Routed	d to Po	nd PT-2 : BMP-	2 Forebay			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 20

Area (sf)	CN	Description				
149,308	98	Roofs, HSG A				
144,816	98	Paved parking, HSG A				
178,568	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A				
119,848	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B				
592,540	73	Weighted Average				
298,416	48	48 50.36% Pervious Area				
294,124	294,124 98 49.64% Impervious Area					
Tc Length	Slop	pe Velocity Capacity Description				
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				

10.0

Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass

Runoff	=	0.14 cfs @	12.92 hrs,	Volume=	3,564 cf,	Depth=	0.18"
Routed	to Pond	CA : Compe	nsation Are	а			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

CN	Description
30	Woods, Good, HSG A
55	Woods, Good, HSG B
39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
39	Weighted Average
39	100.00% Pervious Area
Slop	pe Velocity Capacity Description
(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
	Direct Entry, Direct
	CN 30 55 39 61 39 39 39 Slop (ft/

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site

8.05 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 28,855 cf, Depth= 2.81" Runoff = Routed to Pond PT-3 : BMP-3 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90"

 Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,500	98	Roofs, HSG B
16,640	98	Paved parking, HSG A
42,870	98	Paved parking, HSG B
12,886	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
 38,514	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
 123,410	80	Weighted Average
51,400	55	41.65% Pervious Area
72,010	98	58.35% Impervious Area

7398-0	0 Hydro	CAD				Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90'		
Prepare	ed by Gar	ofalo 8	& Associate	es, Inc			Printed	1/5/2024
HydroCA	<u>AD® 10.20-</u>	3c s/n (05506 © 202	23 HydroCAE	D Software Solu	tions LLC		Page 21
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	e Velocity	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
10.0			//		Direct Entry	, Direct		
		Su	mmary fo	r Subcato	chment PW	S-3B: Sout	h Bypass	
Runoff Rout	= ed to Pond	0.50 (d CA : (cfs @ 12.2 Compensati	27 hrs, Volu on Area	ume=	3,516 cf, De	epth= 0.55"	
Runoff I Type III	oy SCS TR 24-hr 10-`	R-20 me Year R	ethod, UH=9 ainfall=4.90	SCS, Weigh "	nted-CN, Time	Span= 0.00-3	30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hi	ſS
	Area (sf)	CN	Description	1				
	45,695	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	30,930	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B			
	76,625	48	Weighted A	Average				
	76,625	48	100.00% P	ervious Are	a			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft	e Velocity) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
10.0					Direct Entry	y, Direct		
		Su	immary fo	or Subcat	chment PW	/S-4: North	east Site	
Runoff Rout	= ed to Pond	1.15 d 1 PT-4	cfs @ 12.0 : BMP-4 Fo)9 hrs, Volu rebay	ume=	3,641 cf, De	epth= 2.72"	
Runoff I Type III	by SCS TR 24-hr 10-	R-20 me Year R	ethod, UH=9 ainfall=4.90	SCS, Weigh "	nted-CN, Time	Span= 0.00-3	80.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hi	ſS
A	Area (sf)	CN	Description	1				
	8,020 8,070	98 61	Paved park >75% Gras	king, HSG E ss cover, Go	3 bod, HSG B			

	8,020	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	3		
	8,070	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B		
	16,090	79	Weighted A	verage			
	8,070	61	50.16% Pervious Area				
	8,020	98	8 49.84% Impervious Area				
Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description		
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cts)			
6.0					Direct Entry, Direct		

Summary for Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin

 Inflow Area =
 287,200 sf, 37.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth =
 0.55" for 10-Year event

 Inflow =
 5.22 cfs @
 12.17 hrs, Volume=
 13,241 cf

 Outflow =
 3.20 cfs @
 12.25 hrs, Volume=
 13,255 cf, Atten= 39%, Lag= 4.7 min

 Discarded =
 3.20 cfs @
 12.25 hrs, Volume=
 13,255 cf

 Primary =
 0.00 cfs @
 0.00 hrs, Volume=
 0 cf

 Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area
 0 cf
 0 cf

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Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.05' @ 12.27 hrs Surf.Area= 16,712 sf Storage= 826 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 2.8 min calculated for 13,233 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.3 min (988.5 - 985.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description				
#1	253.00	79,78	30 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)			
Elevatio	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)				
253.0 257.0	00 00	16,630 23,260	0 79,780	0 79,780				
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	6				
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	253.00' 252.00'	8.270 in/hr Ex 24.0" Round L= 85.0' CPF Inlet / Outlet In	 8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 24.0" Round Culvert L= 85.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 252.00' / 252.00' S= 0.0000 '/' Cc= 0.900 				
#3	Device 2	256.25'	n= 0.013 Corrugated PE, smooth interior, Flow Area= 3.14 sf 24.0" x 24.0" Horiz. Orifice/Grate C= 0.600 Limited to weir flow at low heads					

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.20 cfs @ 12.25 hrs HW=253.05' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.20 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Culvert (Passes 0.00 cfs of 2.54 cfs potential flow)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin

592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.85" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 37.02 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 140.699 cf = Outflow 14.51 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 140,610 cf, Atten= 61%, Lag= 27.0 min = 14.51 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 140.610 cf Primary 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.35' @ 12.60 hrs Surf.Area= 75,793 sf Storage= 26,438 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 12.5 min calculated for 140,610 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 12.1 min (852.9 - 840.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.S	Storage	Storage	Description		
#1	253.00'	0' 175,089 cf		Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recald			
Elevation	Surf.	Area	Inc (cubi	Store	Cum.Store		
253.00	74	<u>54-it)</u> 1,875	(cubi	<u>c-ieet)</u> 0	0		
255.25	80	,760	17	75,089	175,089		

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	254.25'	50.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 8.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
			Coef. (English) 2.43 2.54 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64
			2.64 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74

Discarded OutFlow Max=14.51 cfs @ 12.60 hrs HW=253.35' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 14.51 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	a =	123,410 sf,	58.35% In	npervious,	Inflow Depth =	3.29"	for 10-1	/ear event
Inflow	=	8.58 cfs @	12.14 hrs,	Volume=	33,833 c	f		
Outflow	=	3.47 cfs @	12.49 hrs,	Volume=	33,854 c	f, Atten	= 60%,	Lag= 20.5 min
Discarded	=	3.47 cfs @	12.49 hrs,	Volume=	33,854 c	f		-
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 c	f		
Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area								

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.28' @ 12.49 hrs Surf.Area= 18,123 sf Storage= 5,010 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 8.2 min (857.1 - 848.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	escription	
#1	253.00'	46,4	23 cf Custom S	tage Data (Prismatic)Listed bel	ow (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
253.0 255.2	00 25	17,280 23,985	0 46,423	0 46,423	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exf	tration over Surface area	
#2	Primary	254.25'	40.0' long + 3 Head (feet) 0.2 Coef. (English)) '/' SideZ x 25.0' breadth Broa) 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1. 2.68 2.70 2.70 2.64 2.63 2.64	d-Crested Rectangular Weir 40 1.60 4 2.64 2.63

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.47 cfs @ 12.49 hrs HW=253.28' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.47 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Discarded = Primary = Routed to Po	16,090 sf, 4 1.15 cfs @ 12 1.10 cfs @ 12 1.10 cfs @ 12 0.00 cfs @ 0 ond CA : Compens	9.84% Impervious 2.09 hrs, Volume= 2.11 hrs, Volume= 2.11 hrs, Volume= 0.00 hrs, Volume= ation Area	us, Inflow Depth = 2.59" for 10-Year event = 3,475 cf = 3,475 cf, Atten= 5%, Lag= 1.1 min = 3,475 cf = 0 cf
Routing by Stor Peak Elev= 253	-Ind method, Time .01' @ 12.11 hrs	Span= 0.00-30.00 Surf.Area= 6,272	00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 2 sf Storage= 86 cf
Plug-Flow deter Center-of-Mass	ntion time= 1.3 min det. time= 1.3 min	calculated for 3,4 (837.4 - 836.1)	469 cf (100% of inflow)
Volume Ir	nvert Avail.Sto	rage Storage De	escription
#1 253	3.00' 10,77	74 cf Custom St	Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
253.00	6,255	0	0
254.50	8,110	10,774	10,774
Device Routin	ig Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1 Discar #2 Primar	ded 253.00' 'y 253.50'	8.270 in/hr Exfil 30.0' long + 3.0 Head (feet) 0.20 2.50 3.00 3.50 Coef. (English) 2 2.65 2.67 2.66	iltration over Surface area 0 '/' SideZ x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 0 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 2.34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 5 2.68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
Discarded Out 1=Exfiltratio	Flow Max=1.20 cfs n (Exfiltration Con	s @ 12.11 hrs HV trols 1.20 cfs)	W=253.01' (Free Discharge)
Primary OutFlo	w Max=0.00 cfs (ested Rectangula	0.00 hrs HW=28 r Weir (Controls 0	253.00' (Free Discharge) 0.00 cfs)
	Summ	ary for Pond C	CA: Compensation Area
Inflow Area = Inflow = Outflow = Discarded = Primary = Routed to Lin	2,529,330 sf, 2 5.80 cfs @ 12 3.55 cfs @ 12 3.55 cfs @ 12 0.00 cfs @ 0 nk PR DP-2 : Rte 3	27.72% Impervious 2.25 hrs, Volume= 2.55 hrs, Volume= 2.55 hrs, Volume= 0.00 hrs, Volume= 6 Culverts	us, Inflow Depth = 0.19" for 10-Year event = 40,265 cf = 40,265 cf, Atten= 39%, Lag= 17.9 min = 40,265 cf = 0 cf
Routing by Stor-	-Ind method, Time	Span= 0.00-30.00	0 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 251.06' @ 12.55 hrs Surf.Area= 63,600 sf Storage= 3,827 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 10.3 min calculated for 40,198 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.3 min (923.3 - 912.9)

7398-00 HydroCAD Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 25 Avail.Storage Storage Description Volume Invert #1 251.00' 236,188 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc) Elevation Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store (feet) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) (sq-ft) 251.00 63.020 0 0 67,820 252.00 72,620 67,820 84,690 78,655 146,475 253.00 94,735 254.00 89,713 236,188 Device Routing Invert **Outlet Devices** #1 Discarded 251.00' 2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area #2 Primary 253.25' 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 6.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.37 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.67 2.69 2.72 2.76 2.83

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.55 cfs @ 12.55 hrs HW=251.06' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.55 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.33"	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	1.47 cfs @	13.40 hrs, Volume=	28,795 cf	
Outflow	=	0.94 cfs @	15.73 hrs, Volume=	24,538 cf, Atter	1= 36%, Lag= 139.8 min
Discarded	=	0.29 cfs @	15.73 hrs, Volume=	16,814 cf	-
Primary	=	0.65 cfs @	15.73 hrs, Volume=	7,724 cf	
Routed	to Pond	CA : Compe	nsation Area		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 252.08' @ 15.73 hrs Surf.Area= 5,194 sf Storage= 9,257 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 253.2 min calculated for 24,538 cf (85% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 189.6 min (1,214.0 - 1,024.4)

Volume	Invert	Avai	I.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	250.00'		60,380 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pris	smatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf. (.Area sq-ft)	Inc (cubic	.Store c-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
250.00	2	4,000		0	0	
252.00	2	4,840		8,840	8,840	
254.00	13	3,350	1	8,190	27,030	
256.00	20	0,000	3	3,350	60,380	

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.90" Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 26

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	250.00' 252.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area 10.0' long + 5.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Wei Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64
Discard [€] —1=Ex	ed OutFlow filtration (E)	Max=0.29 cf filtration Cor	[;] s @ 15.73 hrs HW=252.08' (Free Discharge) ntrols 0.29 cfs)
Primary 1 2=Br	outFlow Materia OutFlow Materia OutFlow Materia Ma Ateria Materia Ma	ax=0.62 cfs (Rectangula	@ 15.73 hrs HW=252.08' (Free Discharge) a r Weir (Weir Controls 0.62 cfs @ 0.71 fps)
		Sum	mary for Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay
Inflow A Inflow Outflow Primary Route	rea = 7 = 7 = 5 = 5 ed to Pond B	287,200 sf, 3 .35 cfs @ 12 .22 cfs @ 12 .22 cfs @ 12 .22 cfs @ 12	37.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.24" for 10-Year event 2.16 hrs, Volume= 29,752 cf 2.17 hrs, Volume= 13,241 cf, Atten= 29%, Lag= 0.6 min 2.17 hrs, Volume= 13,241 cf ation Basin
Routing Peak Ele Plug-Flo	by Stor-Ind n ev= 253.06' @ w detention t	nethod, Time	Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Surf.Area= 1,935 sf Storage= 2,980 cf min calculated for 13,241 cf (45% of inflow)
Center-o	DT-Mass det. t	ime= 104.6 r	nin (985.3 - 880.6)
Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	prage Storage Description
#1	251.00'	2,98	80 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on Su et)	rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store Cum.Store (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet)
251.0	00	1,045	0 0
253.0	00	1,935	2,980 2,980
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	252.99'	90.0' long x 1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=4.58 cfs @ 12.17 hrs HW=253.06' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 4.58 cfs @ 0.72 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay

592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.20" for 10-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 30.05 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 108,747 cf = 37.02 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 140,699 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Outflow = 37.02 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= Primary = 140,699 cf Routed to Pond BMP-2 : Infiltration Basin

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.11' @ 12.15 hrs Surf.Area= 7,025 sf Storage= 9,950 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail	Storage S.	torage	Description			
#1	251.0	00'	9,950 cf C	ustom	i Stage Data (Pi	r ismatic) Listed	below (Recald	;)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.S ⁻ cubic-fr)	ore eet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)			
251.0 253.0	00 00	2,925 7,025	9,	0 950	0 9,950			
Device	Routing	Inv	ert Outlet	Device	s			
#1	Primary	252.	99' 325.0' Head (2.50 3 Coef. (3.30 3	ong + eet) 0 .00 English .31 3.3	3.0 '/' SideZ x 0.20 0.40 0.60 n) 2.69 2.72 2. 32	1.0' breadth E 0.80 1.00 1.20 75 2.85 2.98	Broad-Crested 0 1.40 1.60 1 3.08 3.20 3.2	Rectangular Wei .80 2.00 8 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=36.82 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=253.11' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 36.82 cfs @ 0.94 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay

Inflow Area	ı =	123,410 sf,	58.35% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.81	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	8.05 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	28,855 cf	
Outflow	=	8.58 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	33,833 cf, Att	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	8.58 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	33,833 cf	-
Routed	to Pond	BMP-3 : Infilt	ration Basin		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.15' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 2,030 sf Storage= 3,095 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 22.5 min (848.9 - 826.4)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.St	torage Storage	Description		
#1	251.0	00' 3,	095 cf Custom	n Stage Data (Pr	Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)	
Elevatio	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	<u>}</u>	
251.0 253.0	00 00	1,065 2,030	0 3,095	0 3,095	5	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outlet Device	S		
#1	Primary	252.99	' 50.0' long + Head (feet) 0 2.50 3.00	3.0 '/' SideZ x 1).20 0.40 0.60 (1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular W 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00	eir

Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=8.49 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=253.15' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 8.49 cfs @ 1.07 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay

Inflow Are	ea =	16,090 sf,	49.84% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 2.72"	for 10-Year event
Inflow	=	1.15 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	3,641 cf	
Outflow	=	1.15 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	3,475 cf, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	1.15 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	3,475 cf	•
Route	d to Po	nd BMP-4 : Infil	tration Basin		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.04' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 315 sf Storage= 168 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 35.6 min calculated for 3,469 cf (95% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.7 min (836.1 - 825.4)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage [Description	
#1	252.0	00' 1	68 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatic (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
252.0 253.0	00 00	20 315	0 168	0 168	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	252.99'	35.0' long + 3 Head (feet) 0.1 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English) 3.30 3.31 3.31	.0 '/' SideZ x ' 20 0.40 0.60) 2.69 2.72 2. 2	I.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=1.13 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=253.04' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 1.13 cfs @ 0.61 fps)

Summary for Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow /	Area	1 =	2,529,330 sf,	27.72% Impervi	ous, Inflow I	Depth = 0).00" for	10-Year event
Inflow		=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volun	ne=	0 cf		
Primar	у	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volun	ne=	0 cf,	Atten= 0	%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

7398-00 HydroCAD Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc HydroCAD® 10 20-3c, s/p 05506, © 2023 Hydr	Type III 24-hr 10	00-Year Rainfall=8.70" Printed 1/5/2024 Page 20
Time span=0.00 Runoff by SCS TF Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Tr	0-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points R-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN rans method - Pond routing by Stor-In-	d method
Subcatchment P-OSE: Off-Site East	Runoff Area=81,950 sf 69.10% Imperv Tc=20.0 min CN=80 I	ious Runoff Depth=6.28" Runoff=9.19 cfs 42,915 cf
Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North	Runoff Area=54,885 sf 25.00% Imperv Tc=8.0 min CN=62 I	ious Runoff Depth=4.11" Runoff=5.56 cfs 18,783 cf
Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West Flow	Runoff Area=1,059,380 sf 14.03% Imperv Length=1,155' Tc=66.7 min CN=43 Ru	ious Runoff Depth=1.90" noff=16.64 cfs 167,322 cf
Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site	Runoff Area=287,200 sf 37.56% Imperv Tc=10.0 min CN=60 R	ious Runoff Depth=3.87" unoff=25.55 cfs 92,552 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site	Runoff Area=592,540 sf 49.64% Imperv Tc=10.0 min CN=73 Ru	ious Runoff Depth=5.43" noff=74.60 cfs 268,370 cf
Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass	Runoff Area=237,250 sf 0.00% Imperv Tc=10.0 min CN=39 I	ious Runoff Depth=1.46" Runoff=5.77 cfs 28,935 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site	Runoff Area=123,410 sf 58.35% Imperv Tc=10.0 min CN=80 R	ious Runoff Depth=6.28" unoff=17.67 cfs 64,627 cf
Subcatchment PWS-3B: South Bypass	Runoff Area=76,625 sf 0.00% Imperv Tc=10.0 min CN=48 I	ious Runoff Depth=2.46" Runoff=4.01 cfs 15,694 cf
Subcatchment PWS-4: Northeast Site	Runoff Area=16,090 sf 49.84% Imperv Tc=6.0 min CN=79	ious Runoff Depth=6.16" Runoff=2.57 cfs 8,263 cf
Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin Discarded=3.73	Peak Elev=254.73' Storage=31,181 cf I 3 cfs 86,864 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf O	nflow=25.49 cfs 86,873 cf utflow=3.73 cfs 86,864 cf
Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin Discarded=14.81 cfs	Peak Elev=253.94' Storage=71,688 cf In s 215,940 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Outl	flow=73.39 cfs 216,080 cf flow=14.81 cfs 215,940 cf
Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin Discarded=3.8	Peak Elev=253.98' Storage=18,389 cf I 7 cfs 73,161 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf O	nflow=17.96 cfs 73,186 cf utflow=3.87 cfs 73,161 cf
Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin Discarded=1	Peak Elev=253.13' Storage=802 cf .23 cfs 8,110 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf	Inflow=2.57 cfs 8,095 cf Outflow=1.23 cfs 8,110 cf
Pond CA: Compensation Area Pond CA: Compensation Area Pond CA: Discarded=4.43 c	eak Elev=252.56' Storage=110,225 cf In fs 249,344 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf Ou	flow=22.38 cfs 249,344 cf tflow=4.43 cfs 249,344 cf
Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin Discarded=0.42 cfs 19,43	Peak Elev=252.61' Storage=12,610 cf In 38 cf Primary=16.14 cfs 143,017 cf Out	flow=16.64 cfs 167,322 cf flow=16.56 cfs 162,455 cf
Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.21' Storage=2,980 cf In Ou	nflow=25.55 cfs 92,552 cf itflow=25.49 cfs 86,873 cf

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Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.18' Storage=9,950 cf Inflow=74.60 cfs 268,370 cf Outflow=73.39 cfs 216,080 cf
Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.25' Storage=3,095 cf Inflow=17.67 cfs 64,627 cf Outflow=17.96 cfs 73,186 cf
Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay	Peak Elev=253.08' Storage=168 cf Inflow=2.57 cfs 8,263 cf Outflow=2.57 cfs 8,095 cf
Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0 cf Primary=0.00 cfs 0 cf

Total Runoff Area = 2,529,330 sf Runoff Volume = 707,461 cf Average Runoff Depth = 3.36" 72.28% Pervious = 1,828,313 sf 27.72% Impervious = 701,017 sf

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSE: Off-Site East

Runoff = 9.19 cfs @ 12.27 hrs, Volume= 42,915 cf, Depth= 6.28" Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description		
25,322	39	>75% Grass	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A
56,628	98	Paved parki	ng, HSG A	4
81,950	80	Weighted A	verage	
25,322	39	30.90% Per	vious Area	3
56,628	98	69.10% Imp	ervious Are	rea
Tc Length (min) (feet)	Slop (ft/	be Velocity ft) (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
20.0				Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSN: Off-Site North

18,783 cf, Depth= 4.11"

Runoff = 5.56 cfs @ 12.12 hrs, Volume= Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description		
27	7,442	54	1/2 acre lots	s, 25% imp	, HSG A
27	7,443	70	1/2 acre lots	s, 25% imp	, HSG B
54	l,885	62	Weighted A	verage	
41	,164	50	75.00% Per	vious Area	l
13	3,721	98	25.00% Imp	pervious Are	ea
To I	enath	Slop	 Velocity 	Canacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	Becomption
8.0	/	\		X //	Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment P-OSW: Off-Site West

Runoff = 16.64 cfs @ 13.02 hrs, Volume= 167,322 cf, Depth= 1.90" Routed to Pond EX Basin : Existing Basin

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

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A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
5	94,595	54	1/2 acre lot	s, 25% imp,	, HSG A
4	64,785	30	Woods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,0	59,380	43	Weighted A	verage	
9	10,731	35	85.97% Pei	vious Area	
1	48,649	98	14.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
50.9	150	0.0200	0.05		Sheet Flow, A-B
					Woods: Dense underbrush n= 0.800 P2= 3.30"
15.5	805	0.0300	0.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	200	0.0100	9.88	48.47	Pipe Channel, C-D
					30.0" Round Area= 4.9 sf Perim= 7.9' r= 0.63'
					n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean
66.7	1,155	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-1: Southwest Site

92,552 cf, Depth= 3.87" 25.55 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= Runoff = Routed to Pond PT-1 : BMP-1 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

Area (sf) CN	Description	
48,125	5 98	Roofs, HSG A	
59,740) 98	Paved parking, HSG A	
37,000) 30	Woods, Good, HSG A	
142,335	5 39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A	
287,200) 60	Weighted Average	
179,335	5 37	62.44% Pervious Area	
107,865	5 98	37.56% Impervious Area	
Tc Lengt	h Sloj	pe Velocity Capacity Description	
(min) (fee	t) (ft/	/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct	

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2A: Central Site

Runoff	=	74.60 cfs @	12.14 hrs,	Volume=	268,370 cf,	Depth= 5.43"
Routed	to Por	nd PT-2 : BMP-	2 Forebay			

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

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Area (sf)	CN	Description
149,308	98	Roofs, HSG A
144,816	98	Paved parking, HSG A
178,568	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
119,848	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
592,540	73	Weighted Average
298,416	48	50.36% Pervious Area
294,124	98	49.64% Impervious Area
Tc Length	n Sloj	be Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (feet) (ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-2B: North Bypass

Runoff	=	5.77 cfs @	12.18 hrs,	Volume=	28,935 cf,	Depth= 1.46"
Routed	to Pond	CA : Compe	nsation Area	а		-

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
77,955	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
14,325	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
118,595	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
26,375	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
237,250	39	Weighted Average
237,250	39	100.00% Pervious Area
Tc Length	Slop	pe Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
10.0		Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Subcatchment PWS-3A: Eastern Site

Runoff = 17.67 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 64,627 cf, Depth= 6.28" Routed to Pond PT-3 : BMP-3 Forebay

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,500	98	Roofs, HSG B
16,640	98	Paved parking, HSG A
42,870	98	Paved parking, HSG B
12,886	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
38,514	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
123,410	80	Weighted Average
51,400	55	41.65% Pervious Area
72,010	98	58.35% Impervious Area

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HydroCA	<u>D® 10.20-3</u>	3c s/n 0	5506 © 202	3 HydroCAE	O Software Sol	utions LLC		Page 34
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
10.0					Direct Entr	y, Direct		
		0		. Outbaata			with Dumana	
		Sur	nmary for	Subcato		2-3B: 20	outh Bypass	
Runoff Rout	= ed to Ponc	4.01 c I CA : C	fs @ 12.1 compensatio	6 hrs, Volu on Area	ıme=	15,694 cf,	Depth= 2.46"	
Runoff t Type III	by SCS TR 24-hr 100	-20 me -Year F	thod, UH=S Rainfall=8.70	CS, Weigh)"	ited-CN, Time	e Span= 0.(00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hr	S
A	Area (sf)	CN	Description					
	45,695	39	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG A			
	30,930	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	bod, HSG B			
	76,625 76,625	48 48	Weighted A 100.00% Pe	verage ervious Are	a			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
10.0					Direct Entr	y, Direct		
		Su	mmary fo	r Subcat	chment PV	VS-4: Noi	theast Site	
Runoff Rout	= ed to Ponc	2.57 c PT-4 :	fs @ 12.0 BMP-4 For	9 hrs, Volu ebay	ıme=	8,263 cf,	Depth= 6.16"	
Runoff b Type III	by SCS TR 24-hr 100	-20 me -Year F	thod, UH=S Rainfall=8.70	CS, Weigh)"	ited-CN, Time	e Span= 0.(00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hr	5
A	Area (sf)	CN	Description					
	8,020 8.070	98 61	Paved park >75% Gras	ing, HSG E s cover. Go	3 pod. HSG B			
	40,000	70		, •••	,			

Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70"

 Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
_	8,020	98 4	9.84% Imp	ervious Are	
	0,070	01 0		vious Area	
	0 070	61 5	0 160/ Day	viouo Aroo	
	16,090	79 V	Veighted A	verage	

6.0

7398-00 HydroCAD

Direct Entry, Direct

Summary for Pond BMP-1: Infiltration Basin

287,200 sf, 37.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.63" for 100-Year event Inflow Area = 25.49 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= Inflow 86,873 cf = 3.73 cfs @ 12.89 hrs, Volume= 3.73 cfs @ 12.89 hrs, Volume= Outflow = 86,864 cf, Atten= 85%, Lag= 44.8 min Discarded = 86,864 cf Primary 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

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Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 254.73' @ 12.89 hrs Surf.Area= 19,492 sf Storage= 31,181 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 73.0 min calculated for 86,864 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 72.9 min (918.3 - 845.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	253.00'	79,78	B0 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
253.0 257.0	00 00	16,630 23,260	0 79,780	0 79,780	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	S	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	253.00' 252.00'	8.270 in/hr Ex 24.0" Round L= 85.0' CPF Inlet / Outlet In p= 0.012. Corr	xfiltration over Culvert P, square edge nvert= 252.00' /	Surface area headwall, Ke= 0.500 252.00' S= 0.0000 '/' Cc= 0.900
#3	Device 2	256.25'	n= 0.013 Cor 24.0" x 24.0" Limited to wei	rugated PE, sm Horiz. Orifice/(ir flow at low hea	ooth Interior, Flow Area= 3.14 st Grate C= 0.600 ads

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.73 cfs @ 12.89 hrs HW=254.73' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.73 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge)

2=Culvert (Passes 0.00 cfs of 2.54 cfs potential flow)

-3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-2: Infiltration Basin

592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.38" for 100-Year event Inflow Area = Inflow 73.39 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 216.080 cf = Outflow 14.81 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 215,940 cf, Atten= 80%, Lag= 28.6 min = 14.81 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= Discarded = 215,940 cf 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0 cf Primary = Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.94' @ 12.62 hrs Surf.Area= 77,339 sf Storage= 71,688 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 34.5 min calculated for 215,940 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 34.0 min (843.8 - 809.7)

Volume	Invert	Avail.S	torage	Storage	e Description	
#1	253.00'	175	,089 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf.	Area	Inc	.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet)	()	sq-ft)	(cubi	c-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
253.00	74	,875		0	0	
255.25	80),760	17	75,089	175,089	

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Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
Primary	254.25'	50.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 8.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir
		Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
		2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50
		Coef. (English) 2.43 2.54 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64
		2.64 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.68 2.70 2.74
	Routing Discarded Primary	RoutingInvertDiscarded253.00'Primary254.25'

Discarded OutFlow Max=14.80 cfs @ 12.62 hrs HW=253.94' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 14.80 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) —2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-3: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area	a =	123,410 sf,	58.35% Im	pervious,	Inflow Depth = 7.	.12" for	100-Year event
Inflow	=	17.96 cfs @	12.14 hrs,	Volume=	73,186 cf		
Outflow	=	3.87 cfs @	12.62 hrs,	Volume=	73,161 cf,	Atten= 78	3%, Lag= 28.9 min
Discarded	=	3.87 cfs @	12.62 hrs,	Volume=	73,161 cf		-
Primary	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs,	Volume=	0 cf		
Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area							

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.98' @ 12.62 hrs Surf.Area= 20,204 sf Storage= 18,389 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 29.9 min calculated for 73,040 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 29.6 min (868.0 - 838.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	orage Storage D	Description	
#1	253.00'	46,4	23 cf Custom S	Stage Data (Pri	smatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on S et)	urf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
253.0 255.2	00 25	17,280 23,985	0 46,423	0 46,423	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Discarded	253.00'	8.270 in/hr Exf	iltration over S	urface area
#2	Primary	254.25'	40.0' long + 3. Head (feet) 0.2 Coef. (English)	0 '/' SideZ x 25 20 0.40 0.60 0 2.68 2.70 2.7	5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir .80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 0 2.64 2.63 2.64 2.64 2.63

Discarded OutFlow Max=3.87 cfs @ 12.62 hrs HW=253.98' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 3.87 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=253.00' (Free Discharge) ←2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond BMP-4: Infiltration Basin

Inflow A Inflow Outflow Discard Primary Rout	rea = 2 = 2 = 1 ed = 1 = 0 ed to Pond C	16,090 sf, 4 .57 cfs @ 12 .23 cfs @ 12 .23 cfs @ 12 .00 cfs @ 0 A : Compensa	9.84% Impervious, 2.09 hrs, Volume= 2.26 hrs, Volume= 2.26 hrs, Volume= 0.00 hrs, Volume= ation Area	Inflow Depth = 6.04" for 100-Year event 8,095 cf 8,110 cf, Atten= 52%, Lag= 10.3 min 8,110 cf 0 cf
Routing Peak El	by Stor-Ind n ev= 253.13' @	nethod, Time 12.26 hrs	Span= 0.00-30.00 h Surf.Area= 6,412 sf	rs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Storage= 802 cf
Plug-Flo Center-o	ow detention t of-Mass det. t	ime= (not calo ime= 3.4 min	culated: outflow pred (812.4 - 809.1)	cedes inflow)
Volume	Invert	Avail.Stor	age Storage Desc	cription
#1	253.00'	10,77	4 cf Custom Stag	ge Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio	on Su et)	rf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store C (cubic-feet) (c	Cum.Store cubic-feet)
253.0	00	6,255	0	0
204.3	50	0,110	10,774	10,774
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	
#1 #2	Discarded Primary	253.00' 253.50'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltra 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' Head (feet) 0.20 (2.50 3.00 3.50 4. Coef. (English) 2.3 2.65 2.67 2.66 2.	ation over Surface area 'SideZ x 5.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 .00 4.50 5.00 5.50 34 2.50 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.65 2.65 2.65 .68 2.70 2.74 2.79 2.88
Discard	led OutFlow	Max=1.23 cfs filtration Cont	@ 12.26 hrs HW=. trols 1.23 cfs)	253.13' (Free Discharge)
Primary [€] —2=Br	outFlow Ma oad-Crested	ax=0.00 cfs @ Rectangula r	0.00 hrs HW=253 Weir (Controls 0.0	6.00' (Free Discharge) 0 cfs)
		Summ	ary for Pond CA	: Compensation Area
Inflow A Inflow Outflow Discarde Primary Rout	rea = 2,5 = 22 = 4, ed = 4, = 0, ed to Link PR	529,330 sf, 2 .38 cfs @ 12 .43 cfs @ 16 .43 cfs @ 16 .00 cfs @ 0 . DP-2 : Rte 3	7.72% Impervious, 2.18 hrs, Volume= 5.34 hrs, Volume= 5.34 hrs, Volume= 0.00 hrs, Volume= Culverts	Inflow Depth = 1.18" for 100-Year event 249,344 cf 249,344 cf, Atten= 80%, Lag= 250.0 min 249,344 cf 0 cf
Routing	by Stor-Ind n	nethod, Time	Span= 0.00-30.00 h	ırs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Peak Elev= 252.56' @ 16.34 hrs Surf.Area= 79,356 sf Storage= 110,225 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 273.6 min calculated for 248,929 cf (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 273.5 min (1,176.8 - 903.2)

7398-00 HydroCAD Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=8.70" Prepared by Garofalo & Associates, Inc Printed 1/5/2024 HydroCAD® 10.20-3c s/n 05506 © 2023 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 38 Avail.Storage Storage Description Volume Invert #1 251.00' 236,188 cf Custom Stage Data (Prismatic)Listed below (Recalc) Elevation Surf.Area Inc.Store Cum.Store (feet) (cubic-feet) (cubic-feet) (sq-ft) 251.00 63.020 0 0 252.00 67,820 72,620 67,820 84,690 78,655 146,475 253.00 94,735 254.00 89,713 236,188 Device Routing Invert **Outlet Devices** #1 Discarded 251.00' 2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area #2 Primary 253.25' 30.0' long + 3.0 '/' SideZ x 6.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00

2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 Coef. (English) 2.37 2.51 2.70 2.68 2.68 2.67 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.65 2.66 2.66 2.67 2.69 2.72 2.76 2.83

Discarded OutFlow Max=4.43 cfs @ 16.34 hrs HW=252.56' (Free Discharge) **1=Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 4.43 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=251.00' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

Summary for Pond EX Basin: Existing Basin

Inflow Area	a =	1,059,380 sf,	14.03% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1.90"	for 100-Year event	
Inflow	=	16.64 cfs @	13.02 hrs, Volume=	167,322 cf		
Outflow	=	16.56 cfs @	13.07 hrs, Volume=	162,455 cf, Atte	n= 1%, Lag= 3.1 min	
Discarded	=	0.42 cfs @	13.07 hrs, Volume=	19,438 cf	•	
Primary	=	16.14 cfs @	13.07 hrs, Volume=	143,017 cf		
Routed to Pond CA : Compensation Area						

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 3 Peak Elev= 252.61' @ 13.07 hrs Surf.Area= 7,450 sf Storage= 12,610 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 49.0 min calculated for 162,185 cf (97% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 33.8 min (976.2 - 942.4)

Volume	Invert	Ava	il.Storage	Storage	e Description	
#1	250.00'		60,380 cf	Custor	n Stage Data (Pri	ismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation	Surf	Area	Inc (cubic	.Store	Cum.Store	
250.00		4.000	(oubic	0	0	
252.00	4	4,840		8,840	8,840	
254.00	1;	3,350	1	8,190	27,030	
256.00	20	0,000	3	3,350	60,380	

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Routed to Pond BMP-1 : Infiltration Basin

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices					
#1	Discarde	d 250.00'	2.410 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area					
#2	Primary	252.00'	10.0' long + 5.0 '/' SideZ x 10.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir					
			Head (feet) 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60					
			Coef. (English) 2.49 2.56 2.70 2.69 2.68 2.69 2.67 2.64					
Discard ¹ ──1=Ex	Discarded OutFlow Max=0.42 cfs @ 13.07 hrs HW=252.61' (Free Discharge) —1=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.42 cfs)							
Primary [●] 2=Br	Primary OutFlow Max=16.13 cfs @ 13.07 hrs HW=252.61' (Free Discharge) 							
	Summary for Pond PT-1: BMP-1 Forebay							
Inflow A	rea =	287,200 sf, 3	7.56% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.87" for 100-Year event					
Inflow	=	25.55 cfs @ 12	2.15 hrs, Volume= 92,552 cf					
Outflow	=	25.49 cfs @ 12	2.15 hrs, Volume= 86,873 cf, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min					
Primary	=	25.49 cfs @ 12	2.15 hrs, Volume= 86,873 cf					

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.21' @ 12.15 hrs Surf.Area= 1,935 sf Storage= 2,980 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 31.9 min calculated for 86,728 cf (94% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	١n	vert Avail.Ste	orage S	orage D	escription	
#1	251.	00' 2,9	980 cf C	ustom S	stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.St (cubic-fe	ore et)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 253.0	00 00	1,045 1,935	2,9	0 980	0 2,980	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet I	Devices		
#1	Primary	252.99'	90.0' lo Head (1 2.50 3 Coef. (1 3.30 3	ng x 1.(eet) 0.2 00 English) 31 3.32	0' breadth Br 0 0.40 0.60 2.69 2.72 2	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 .75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=25.39 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=253.21' (Free Discharge) 1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 25.39 cfs @ 1.27 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-2: BMP-2 Forebay

Inflow Area = 592,540 sf, 49.64% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.43" for 100-Year event Inflow 74.60 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 268,370 cf = 73.39 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 216,080 cf, Atten= 2%, Lag= 0.0 min Outflow = = 73.39 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 216.080 cf Primary Routed to Pond BMP-2 : Infiltration Basin

Plug-Flow detention time= 65.8 min calculated for 215,720 cf (80% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.St	torage Storage	Description	
#1	251.0	00' 9,	950 cf Custon	n Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
251.0 253.0	00 00	2,925 7,025	0 9,950	0 9,950	
Device	Routing	Inver	t Outlet Device	s	
#1	Primary	252.99	 325.0' long Head (feet) (2.50 3.00 Coef. (Englis) 3.30 3.31 3. 	+ 3.0 '/' SideZ x 0.20 0.40 0.60 h) 2.69 2.72 2. 32	1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

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Primary OutFlow Max=72.47 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=253.18' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 72.47 cfs @ 1.17 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-3: BMP-3 Forebay

Inflow Area	a =	123,410 sf,	58.35% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 6.	.28" for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	17.67 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	64,627 cf	
Outflow	=	17.96 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	73,186 cf,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	17.96 cfs @	12.14 hrs, Volume=	73,186 cf	-
Routed	to Pond	d BMP-3 : Infilt	tration Basin		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.25' @ 12.14 hrs Surf.Area= 2,030 sf Storage= 3,095 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 34.9 min (838.4 - 803.5)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.S	torage Storag	e Description		
#1	251.0	00' 3	,095 cf Custo	m Stage Data (Prisma	atic)Listed below (Reca	lc)
Elevatio	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)		
251.0 253.0	00 00	1,065 2,030	0 3,095	0 3,095		
Device	Routing	Inve	rt Outlet Devic	es		
#1	Primary	252.99	9' 50.0' long · Head (feet) 2.50 3.00	3.0 '/' SideZ x 1.0' k 0.20 0.40 0.60 0.80	readth Broad-Crested 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60	Rectangular Weir 1.80 2.00

Coef. (English) 2.69 2.72 2.75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31 3.30 3.31 3.32

Primary OutFlow Max=17.69 cfs @ 12.14 hrs HW=253.25' (Free Discharge) **1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 17.69 cfs @ 1.36 fps)

Summary for Pond PT-4: BMP-4 Forebay

Inflow Are	ea =	16,090 sf,	49.84% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 6.16"	for 100-Year event
Inflow	=	2.57 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	8,263 cf	
Outflow	=	2.57 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	8,095 cf, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
Primary	=	2.57 cfs @	12.09 hrs, Volume=	8,095 cf	•
Route	d to Po	ond BMP-4 : Infilt	tration Basin		

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 253.08' @ 12.09 hrs Surf.Area= 315 sf Storage= 168 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 19.1 min calculated for 8,081 cf (98% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 7.0 min (809.1 - 802.0)

Volume	Inv	ert Avail.Sto	orage Storage	Description	
#1	252.0) 0' 1	68 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee	on et)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
252.0 253.0	00 00	20 315	0 168	0 168	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	6	
#1	Primary	252.99'	35.0' long + 3 Head (feet) 0 2.50 3.00 Coef. (English 3.30 3.31 3.3	3.0 '/' SideZ x 20 0.40 0.60) 2.69 2.72 2. 32	1.0' breadth Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 .75 2.85 2.98 3.08 3.20 3.28 3.31

Primary OutFlow Max=2.51 cfs @ 12.09 hrs HW=253.08' (Free Discharge) —1=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 2.51 cfs @ 0.80 fps)

Summary for Link PR DP-2: Rte 3 Culverts

Inflow /	Area	=	2,529,330 sf,	27.72% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.00"	for 100-Year event
Inflow		=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf	
Primary	у	=	0.00 cfs @	0.00 hrs, Volume=	0 cf, Atter	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Appendix D Supporting Documentation



		Project Name	Harkney Hi	ll Mixed Use			
		Date	Dec 2023				
ater Quality Volume Calculation WorkShee	t						
is worksheet is designed to assist the project engineer with a determination of the required water quality treatment area. The worksheet leads the signer through redevelopment applicability first and then receiving water requirements. This tool is intended to compliment to the development Criteria Guidance and the Water Quality Guidance and assist both the designer and the permit application reviewer towards tsistent results. Enter information into only the YELLOW Boxes.							
development Criteria Guidance							
ter Quality Goals "Stormwater Compensation Method"							
Step 1 - Determine which office in OWR you are applying to:		Application Guidance					
Step 2 - Site Information		value/calculation	units				
Total Site Area (total area of project parcels)	TSA	30.96	acres				
Total Jurisdictional Wetlands and/or floodplain within the above TSA	JW1=	0.00	acres				
Existing impervious also within the Jurisdictonal Wetlands	-JW2=	0.00	acres				
Conservation Land within the TSA	CI	0.00	acres				
Site Size = (TSA)-(JW1-JW2)-CL	SS=	30.96	acres				
Step 3 - Redevelopment Applicability							
Total Impervious Area (pre-construction)	ΓIA=	0.00	acres				
% Impervious (if ≥40% - redevelopment standard 3.2.6 applies)		0.00					
REPEAT IF NECESSARY Steps 4, 5 and 6 for EACH Waterbody ID (RI	VER-ID	as found in the GIS Ma	ip Server)				
Step 4 - Receiving waterbody information							
Waterbody ID or RIVER ID from GIS Map Server							
Waterbody Name from GIS Map Server							
	TD						
Name the sub-watersheds (design-points) contributing to this Waterbody	r ID	NO					
Name the sub-watersheds (design-points) contributing to this Waterbody Is this Waterbody Impaired/TMDL for any Phosphorus, Metals or Bacteri Is this Waterbody Impaired for Nitrogen?	r ID ia?	NO NO					
Is this Waterbody Impaired/TMDL for any Phosphorus, Metals or Bacteri Is this Waterbody Impaired for Nitrogen? Step 5 - Pre-Post Construction Conditions to the Waterbody	r ID ia?	NO NO					
IName the sub-watersheds (design-points) contributing to this Waterbody Is this Waterbody Impaired/TMDL for any Phosphorus, Metals or Bacteri Is this Waterbody Impaired for Nitrogen? Step 5 - Pre-Post Construction Conditions to the Waterbody Total Pre-Construction Impervious Surface to this Waterbody ID	r ID ia?	NO NO 0.00	acres				
IName the sub-watersheds (design-points) contributing to this Waterbody Is this Waterbody Impaired/TMDL for any Phosphorus, Metals or Bacteri Is this Waterbody Impaired for Nitrogen? Step 5 - Pre-Post Construction Conditions to the Waterbody Total Pre-Construction Impervious Surface to this Waterbody ID Total Disturbed Existing Impervious (DI)	r ID ia?	NO NO 0.00 0.00	acres				
IName the sub-watersheds (design-points) contributing to this Waterbody Is this Waterbody Impaired/TMDL for any Phosphorus, Metals or Bacteri Is this Waterbody Impaired for Nitrogen? Step 5 - Pre-Post Construction Conditions to the Waterbody Total Pre-Construction Impervious Surface to this Waterbody ID Total Disturbed Existing Impervious (DI) Total Post-Construction Impervious to this Waterbody ID	r ID ia?	NO NO 0.00 0.00 11.07	acres acres acres				
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* Enter the name of the STP (both type and label) which has been designed to treat this particular Rev or Rea.

COVENTRY CROSSINGS

JN 7398-00

January 3, 2024

BMP-1

Mounding analysis completed using Hantush equation for groundwater mounding beneath an infiltration basin (1967), released by the United Stated Geological Survey.

Parameters for the equation are determined as follows:

Recharge/Infiltration: **16.6 ft/day** *RIDSISM*

Specific Yield: 0.27

Based on boring logs, underlying soils are primarily gravely sand, which based on the report "Specific Yield, Compilation of Specific Yield for Various Materials," USGS, 1966, correlates to a specific yield of 0.27

Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity: 1660 ft/day

Based on field soil analysis, underlying soil textures are primarily gravely sands. Design rate 8.3 in/hr infiltration rate (Rawls, page 5-27 of RISDISM). Vertical HC = 8.3 in/hr = 16.6 ft/day Horizontal HC = 10 x VHC = 1660 ft/day

Duration of Infiltration Period: **1.0 day** Based on HYDROCAD routing.

Estimated Saturated Zone: 139.00 feet

Based on USGS Data, average well depth in Coventry is 142.00' (exclusive of wells in bedrock). Therefore, the strata extends 142.00' below the existing grade at BMP-1, with a water table depth of 3.00' to bottom of proposed system. Estimated Saturated Zone = 142.00' - 3.00' = 139.00'

	Description	Maximum Allowable Mounding	Calculated Mounding
BMP-1	Center of Infiltration Basin	3.00' to bottom	0.94'

Summary:

Groundwater mounding under the infiltration basin is anticipated to occur during rainfall events for a duration of approximately 1 day. Mounding during the 10-year event (pond full condition) is NOT anticipated to breakout where established with 3' groundwater separation.
This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

Cells highlighted in yellow are values that can be changed by the user. Cells highlighted in red are output values based on user-specified inputs. The user MUST click the blue "Re-Calculate Now" button each time ANY of the user-specified inputs are changed otherwise necessary iterations to converge on the correct solution will not be done and values shown will be incorrect. Use consistent units for all input values (for example, feet and days)

ut Values		use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours)	Conversion Table inch/hour feet/o	lay
16.6000	R	Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)	0.67	1.33
0.270	Sy	Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)		
1660.00	к	Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)*	2.00	4.00 In the report accompanying this spreadsheet
120.000	х	1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)		(USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability
55.000	У	1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)	hours days	(ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal
1.000	t	duration of infiltration period (days)	36	1.50 hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).

maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period) maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)



initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)

Inp

139.000

0.940

Ground-

water

hi(0)

h(max)

Δh(max)

Distance from center of basin

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

COVENTRY CROSSINGS

JN 7398-00

January 3, 2024

BMP-2

Mounding analysis completed using Hantush equation for groundwater mounding beneath an infiltration basin (1967), released by the United Stated Geological Survey.

Parameters for the equation are determined as follows:

Recharge/Infiltration: **16.6 ft/day** *RIDSISM*

Specific Yield: 0.27

Based on boring logs, underlying soils are primarily gravely sand, which based on the report "Specific Yield, Compilation of Specific Yield for Various Materials," USGS, 1966, correlates to a specific yield of 0.27

Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity: 1660 ft/day

Based on field soil analysis, underlying soil textures are primarily gravely sands. Design rate 8.3 in/hr infiltration rate (Rawls, page 5-27 of RISDISM). Vertical HC = 8.3 in/hr = 16.6 ft/day Horizontal HC = 10 x VHC = 1660 ft/day

Duration of Infiltration Period: **1.0 day** Based on HYDROCAD routing.

Estimated Saturated Zone: 138.80 feet

Based on USGS Data, average well depth in Coventry is 142.00' (exclusive of wells in bedrock). Therefore, the strata extends 142.00' below the existing grade at BMP-2, with a water table depth of 3.20' to bottom of proposed system. Estimated Saturated Zone = 142.00' - 3.20' = 138.80'

	Description	Maximum Allowable Mounding	Calculated Mounding
BMP-2	Center of Infiltration Basin	3.20' to bottom	3.12'

Summary:

Groundwater mounding under the infiltration basin is anticipated to occur during rainfall events for a duration of approximately 1 day. Mounding during the 10-year event (pond full condition) is NOT anticipated to breakout where established with 3' groundwater separation. This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

Cells highlighted in yellow are values that can be changed by the user. Cells highlighted in red are output values based on user-specified inputs. The user MUST click the blue "Re-Calculate Now" button each time ANY of the user-specified inputs are changed otherwise necessary iterations to converge on the correct solution will not be done and values shown will be incorrect. Use consistent units for all input values (for example, feet and days)

> use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours) **Conversion Table**

Input Values			inch/hou	ır	feet/da	У
16.6000	R	Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)	C).67		1.33
0.270	Sy	Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)				
1660.00	к	Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)*	2	2.00		4.00 In the report accompanying this spreadsheet
115.000	х	1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)				(USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability
250.000	У	1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)	hours		days	(ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal
1.000	t	duration of infiltration period (days)		36		1.50 hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).
138.800	hi(0)	initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)				

maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period) maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)



h(max)

Δh(max)

Distance from center of basin

141.92 3.122

Ground-

water

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

COVENTRY CROSSINGS

JN 7398-00

January 3, 2024

BMP-3

Mounding analysis completed using Hantush equation for groundwater mounding beneath an infiltration basin (1967), released by the United Stated Geological Survey.

Parameters for the equation are determined as follows:

Recharge/Infiltration: **16.6 ft/day** *RIDSISM*

Specific Yield: 0.27

Based on boring logs, underlying soils are primarily gravely sand, which based on the report "Specific Yield, Compilation of Specific Yield for Various Materials," USGS, 1966, correlates to a specific yield of 0.27

Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity: 1660 ft/day

Based on field soil analysis, underlying soil textures are primarily gravely sands. Design rate 8.3 in/hr infiltration rate (Rawls, page 5-27 of RISDISM). Vertical HC = 8.3 in/hr = 16.6 ft/day Horizontal HC = 10 x VHC = 1660 ft/day

Duration of Infiltration Period: **1.0 day** Based on HYDROCAD routing.

Estimated Saturated Zone: 139.00 feet

Based on USGS Data, average well depth in Coventry is 142.00' (exclusive of wells in bedrock). Therefore, the strata extends 142.00' below the existing grade at BMP-3, with a water table depth of 3.00' to bottom of proposed system. Estimated Saturated Zone = 142.00' - 3.00' = 139.00'

	Description	Maximum Allowable Mounding	Calculated Mounding
BMP-3	Center of Infiltration Basin	3.00' to bottom	1.81'

Summary:

Groundwater mounding under the infiltration basin is anticipated to occur during rainfall events for a duration of approximately 1 day. Mounding during the 10-year event (pond full condition) is NOT anticipated to breakout where established with 3' groundwater separation. This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

Cells highlighted in yellow are values that can be changed by the user. Cells highlighted in red are output values based on user-specified inputs. The user MUST click the blue "Re-Calculate Now" button each time ANY of the user-specified inputs are changed otherwise necessary iterations to converge on the correct solution will not be done and values shown will be incorrect. Use consistent units for all input values (for example, feet and days)

		use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours)	Conversion Table	
ut Values			inch/hour feet/	/day
16.6000	R	Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)	0.67	1.33
0.270	Sy	Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)		
1660.00	к	Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)*	2.00	4.00 In the report accompanying this spreadsheet
95.000	х	1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)		(USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability
150.000	У	1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)	hours days	(ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal
1.000	t	duration of infiltration period (days)	36	1.50 hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).
139.000	hi(0)	initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)		

maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period) maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)



h(max)

Δh(max)

Distance from center of basin

140.81 1.813

Ground-

water

Inp

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

COVENTRY CROSSINGS

JN 7398-00

January 3, 2024

BMP-4

Mounding analysis completed using Hantush equation for groundwater mounding beneath an infiltration basin (1967), released by the United Stated Geological Survey.

Parameters for the equation are determined as follows:

Recharge/Infiltration: **16.6 ft/day** *RIDSISM*

Specific Yield: 0.27

Based on boring logs, underlying soils are primarily gravely sand, which based on the report "Specific Yield, Compilation of Specific Yield for Various Materials," USGS, 1966, correlates to a specific yield of 0.27

Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity: 1660 ft/day

Based on field soil analysis, underlying soil textures are primarily gravely sands. Design rate 8.3 in/hr infiltration rate (Rawls, page 5-27 of RISDISM). Vertical HC = 8.3 in/hr = 16.6 ft/day Horizontal HC = 10 x VHC = 1660 ft/day

Duration of Infiltration Period: **1.0 day** Based on HYDROCAD routing.

Estimated Saturated Zone: 138.90 feet

Based on USGS Data, average well depth in Coventry is 142.00' (exclusive of wells in bedrock). Therefore, the strata extends 142.00' below the existing grade at BMP-4, with a water table depth of 3.10' to bottom of proposed system. Estimated Saturated Zone = 142.00' - 3.10' = 138.90'

	Description	Maximum Allowable Mounding	Calculated Mounding
BMP-4	Center of Infiltration Basin	3.10' to bottom	0.40'

Summary:

Groundwater mounding under the infiltration basin is anticipated to occur during rainfall events for a duration of approximately 1 day. Mounding during the 10-year event (pond full condition) is NOT anticipated to breakout where established with 3' groundwater separation. This spreadsheet will calculate the height of a groundwater mound beneath a stormwater infiltration basin. More information can be found in the U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Simulation of groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins".

The user must specify infiltration rate (R), specific yield (Sy), horizontal hydraulic conductivity (Kh), basin dimensions (x, y), duration of infiltration period (t), and the initial thickness of the saturated zone (hi(0), height of the water table if the bottom of the aquifer is the datum). For a square basin the half width equals the half length (x = y). For a rectangular basin, if the user wants the water-table changes perpendicular to the long side, specify x as the short dimension and y as the long dimension. Conversely, if the user wants the values perpendicular to the short side, specify y as the short dimension, x as the long dimension. All distances are from the center of the basin. Users can change the distances from the center of the basin at which water-table aquifer thickness are calculated.

Cells highlighted in yellow are values that can be changed by the user. Cells highlighted in red are output values based on user-specified inputs. The user MUST click the blue "Re-Calculate Now" button each time ANY of the user-specified inputs are changed otherwise necessary iterations to converge on the correct solution will not be done and values shown will be incorrect. Use consistent units for all input values (for example, feet and days)

use consistent units (e.g.	feet & days or i	nches & hours)

		use consistent units (e.g. feet & days or inches & hours)	Conve	rsion Table	
Input Values			inch/h	our feet	/day
16.6000	R	Recharge (infiltration) rate (feet/day)		0.67	1.33
0.270	Sy	Specific yield, Sy (dimensionless, between 0 and 1)			
1660.00	к	Horizontal hydraulic conductivity, Kh (feet/day)*		2.00	4.00 In the report accompanying this spreadsheet
40.000	x	1/2 length of basin (x direction, in feet)			(USGS SIR 2010-5102), vertical soil permeability
60.000	У	1/2 width of basin (y direction, in feet)	hours	day	(ft/d) is assumed to be one-tenth horizontal
1.000	t	duration of infiltration period (days)		36	1.50 hydraulic conductivity (ft/d).
138.900	hi(0)	initial thickness of saturated zone (feet)			

maximum thickness of saturated zone (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period) maximum groundwater mounding (beneath center of basin at end of infiltration period)



h(max)

Δh(max)

Distance from center of basin

139.303 0.403

Ground-

water

This spreadsheet solving the Hantush (1967) equation for ground-water mounding beneath an infiltration basin is made available to the general public as a convenience for those wishing to replicate values documented in the USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2010-5102 "Groundwater mounding beneath hypothetical stormwater infiltration basins" or to calculate values based on user-specified site conditions. Any changes made to the spreadsheet (other than values identified as user-specified) after transmission from the USGS could have unintended, undesirable consequences. These consequences could include, but may not be limited to: erroneous output, numerical instabilities, and violations of underlying assumptions that are inherent in results presented in the accompanying USGS published report. The USGS assumes no responsibility for the consequences of any changes made to the spreadsheet. If changes are made to the spreadsheet, the user is responsible for documenting the changes and justifying the results and conclusions.

Simulation of Groundwater Mounding Beneath Hypothetical Stormwater Infiltration Basins

By Glen B. Carleton

Prepared in cooperation with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection

Scientific Investigations Report 2010–5102

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey were not changed and to estimate groundwater mounding at sites for which properties are substantially different than those used in this study.

Use of Analytical Equations to Estimate Groundwater Mounding

Analytical equations (partial differential equations with initial and boundary conditions that mathematically describe, in this case, groundwater flow) can be used to estimate the magnitude and radius of groundwater mounding beneath an infiltration basin or dry well, but the accuracy of the results is limited by simplifying assumptions that are inherent to solving the non-linear differential equations. A number of solutions have been presented over the past 50 years; the most widely cited is that by Hantush (1967).

Description of Hantush Equation

Hantush (1967) proposed a solution of an equation describing the "growth and decay of groundwater mounds in response to uniform percolation." The Hantush and similar equations are widely implemented (for example, Finnemore, 1995; Zomorodi, 2005) to estimate water-table mounding beneath septic systems and other similar infiltration structures that can reasonably be considered steady-state (infiltration is constant over time). However, few implementations have included the more challenging transient condition (infiltration occurs over a limited duration, then ceases) which is addressed in this study.

Hantush (1967) assumes a water-table aguifer of infinite extent and finite thickness with a horizontal, impermeable base. The solution also includes the Dupuit assumptions of horizontal flow and negligible change of transmissivity with a change in head. The solution Hantush derived making these assumptions provides results that correspond well with similar analytical solutions and some field measurements.

Hunt (1971) proposed a solution that mathematically includes the vertical component of the flow vector that can be significant in groundwater mounding, but the solution has substantial limitations, including a non-solvable integral at the center of the infiltration basin and numerical oscillations beyond the outer edge of the infiltration basin. Hunt's solution does not account for vertical anisotropy of permeability.

Finite-difference numerical simulations of groundwater mounding show that vertical anisotropy can lead to simulated groundwater-mound heights on the order of 15 percent higher than those simulated in either a 1-layer finite-difference model or analytical solution with the assumption that flow is strictly horizontal flow (see the following section of this report "Comparison of Analytical and Finite-Difference Estimates of Groundwater Mounding and Effect of Vertical Layering"). Also, simulations that include storage in, and delayed yield

from, the unsaturated zone result in groundwater mounding less than that obtained by neglecting the unsaturated zone (Sumner and others, 1999). Therefore, the height of groundwater mounding is underestimated by the Hantush equation where vertical anisotropy is present and overestimated where an unsaturated zone is present.

Hantush (1967) solves the general two-dimensional groundwater flow equation by making assumptions to create boundary conditions that allow the use of a Laplace transform with respect to time and the Fourier cosine transform with respect to x and then y to derive an integral that can be solved. The resulting equation is

$$h^{2} - h_{i}^{2} = (w/2k)(vt)\{S^{*}(\frac{l+x}{\sqrt{4vt}}, \frac{a+y}{\sqrt{4vt}}) + S^{*}(\frac{l+x}{\sqrt{4vt}}, \frac{a-y}{\sqrt{4vt}}) + S^{*}(\frac{l-x}{\sqrt{4vt}}, \frac{a+y}{\sqrt{4vt}}) + S^{*}(\frac{l-x}{\sqrt{4vt}}, \frac{a-y}{\sqrt{4vt}})\}$$

$$s^{*}(\frac{l-x}{\sqrt{4vt}}, \frac{a+y}{\sqrt{4vt}}) + S^{*}(\frac{l-x}{\sqrt{4vt}}, \frac{a-y}{\sqrt{4vt}})\}$$
where $S^{*}(\alpha, \beta) = \int_{0}^{1} erf(\frac{\alpha}{\sqrt{\tau}}) erf(\frac{\beta}{\sqrt{\tau}}) d\tau$, here

W

h

- = head at a given time after recharge begins;
- h_i = initial head (height of the water table above the base of the aquifer);
- w = recharge (infiltration) rate;
- K horizontal hydraulic conductivity; =
- diffusivity, where v = Kb/Sy; v =
- = average aquifer thickness; \underline{b}
- S_{v} = specific yield;
 - = time elapsed since recharge began;
- l = half-length of the recharge basin;
- = half-width of the recharge basin; а
- distance from the center of the recharge х basin in the x direction;
- = distance from the center of the recharge v basin in the y direction;

$$\alpha = \frac{l+x}{\sqrt{4vt}} or \frac{l-x}{\sqrt{4vt}};$$

$$\beta = \frac{a+y}{\sqrt{4vt}} or \frac{a-y}{\sqrt{4vt}};$$

= dummy variable of integration; and τ = error function. erf

The integral in the above equation cannot be solved explicitly and is solved using iterative numerical methods.

Spreadsheet for Solving Hantush Equation

As part of this study, a spreadsheet was developed to use the Hantush equation (1967) to calculate the magnitude of groundwater mounding. The required input values (aquifer thickness, horizontal hydraulic conductivity, specific yield, basin size, and recharge rate and duration) are straightforward and can be measured or estimated from published values. The difficulty of solving the Hantush equation for transient (nonsteady state) flow has prevented it from being widely applied in groundwater-mounding applications. This report provides a tool using readily available software to solve the integrals and allow users to specify input variables and generate reasonable, quantified, reproducible estimates of groundwater mounding beneath stormwater infiltration structures.

The numerical solution used in the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet presented in this report was written by Dr. Arthur Baehr (U.S. Geological Survey (retired), written commun., 2009) to solve the above equation using the numerical integration techniques Simpsons Rule and the Trapezoidal Rule (Chapra and Canale, 1998). Users specify the recharge rate, specific yield, horizontal hydraulic conductivity, basin width and length, and duration of recharge, and the spreadsheet software calculates the maximum height of groundwater mounding and the mounding at user-specified distances from the center of the mound.

The user executes an Excel macro to recalculate water levels if any values are changed, so macros need to be enabled. Although a change entered for any input variable will cause the spreadsheet to automatically recalculate values, the results will not be correct until the macro is executed because the numerical integration requires an estimate of the final result as an input. The macro uses the Excel function "Goal Seek" to converge on a solution where the estimated and calculated water levels are within 0.0001. The numerical integration uses the error function, which the user may need to add by following the Excel help instructions for ERF:

If this function is not available, and returns the #NAME? error, install and load the Analysis ToolPak addin.

On the Tools menu, click Add-Ins.

- In the Add-Ins available list, select the Analysis ToolPak box, and then click OK.
- If necessary, follow the instructions in the setup program.

The values highlighted in yellow/orange in the user interface page of the spreadsheet (fig. 10) are user-specified input values of aquifer and basin characteristics and the distances from the center of the basin for which groundwater-mounding (thickness of the saturated zone) estimates are desired. The



Figure 10. User interface page of spreadsheet for solving the Hantush (1967) equation that describes groundwater mounding beneath an infiltration basin with example input and output.

values highlighted in red are the calculated maximum height of the groundwater mound, maximum change in water level, and groundwater-mound heights at user-specified distances from the center of the basin. The graph shows the height of the groundwater mound (y axis) above the bottom of the aquifer (datum of zero) in relation to distance (x axis) from the center of the infiltration basin. Each time a value in the spreadsheet is changed, the user must click on the blue button to recalculate the saturated thickness at each of the user-specified points to get valid results.

Comparison of Analytical and Finite-Difference Estimates of Groundwater Mounding and Effect of Vertical Layering

Results of groundwater-mounding calculations from the spreadsheet described in the preceding section were compared to results from other methods, including the MODFLOW simulations done for this study, to determine accuracy of the methods (table 4, fig. 11). Nicholas Trainor (Rutgers University, Dept. of Applied Mathematics, written commun., 2009) used the mathematical software MAPLE to numerically integrate the Hantush equation (1967) and calculated results identical to those from the spreadsheet solution described in this report. Trainor also solved the Hantush equation in radial coordinates for a circular basin of the same area with similar results. A FORTRAN program, originally written by Sunada and others (1983) and modified by Warner and others (1989), that numerically integrates the Hantush (1967) equation yields maximum groundwater-mound heights that are as much as 15 percent different from those generated for this report with the same input values. The reasons for the discrepancy are not known but may be that the FORTRAN program was written to minimize run-times on 1980s-era personal computers, and the approximations from the numerical integrations introduce more numerical error than those used for this study. Results from numerical integration of the Hunt (1971) equation by Baehr (U.S. Geological Survey, written commun., 2009) show that the Hunt equation cannot be solved at the center of the basin. Also, close to the center of the basin, groundwatermound heights calculated using Hunt's solution increase with distance from the center of the basin (out to 16.4 ft) instead of decrease and do not correspond closely to values calculated using the Hantush equation (table 4). At distances beyond the edge of the user-specified infiltration basin, groundwatermound heights calculated using the Hunt and Hantush equations are similar.

For comparison with the analytical solution described in the preceding paragraph, finite-difference model (MOD-FLOW) simulations were conducted with recharge only at the infiltration basin (as opposed to simulations of hypothetical 10-acre developments described earlier in this report for which recharge was applied over the entire model domain at different rates). For the simulations listed in table 4, a 2-ft-deep infiltration basin was modeled that drains at a steady rate over 1.5 days (1.33 ft/d). Specific yield was 8.5 percent; the initial saturated aquifer thickness was 10 ft; and the infiltration basin was square with an area of about 4,500 ft² (67 ft on a side). Five MODFLOW models were constructed with 1, 3, 6, 9, and 15 layers to test the sensitivity of results to finer vertical discretization. The 1-layer model is analogous to the Hantush solution, neither of which includes a vertical component of flow. Horizontal hydraulic conductivity was 4 ft/d and the ratio of vertical anisotropy was 10:1 (vertical hydraulic conductivity (soil permeability) was 0.2 in/hr, which is equivalent to 0.4 ft/d, one-tenth horizontal hydraulic conductivity).

The maximum groundwater-mound height simulated by a finite-difference model that is analogous to the Hantush solution (one layer, two-dimensional flow, recharge applied only over the area of the infiltration basin) is within 3 percent of that from the Hantush equation (table 4). The maximum groundwater-mound height simulated with a 3-layer model is 8 percent (1.1 ft) higher than that from the 1-layer model. The maximum groundwater-mound heights simulated with the 6-, 9-, and 15-layer models are 12, 14, and 15 percent (1.5, 1.7, and 1.8 ft) higher, respectively. The maximum groundwatermound heights from the 6-, 9-, and 15-layer models are 3, 4, and 5 percent (0.4, 0.6, and 0.7 ft) higher, respectively, than that from the 3-layer model. In contrast, because the volume of the groundwater mound is constant, the simulated maximum extent of groundwater mounding is greater for models with fewer vertical layers than for models with more vertical layers. Figure 11 shows the sensitivity of the simulated height of the groundwater mound in the hypothetical 10-acre development to the number of layers used in the simulation. The MODFLOW model results are the same at about 45 ft from the center of the basin: between 0 and 45 ft the models with more vertical layers yield higher mound heights than models with less vertical layers; beyond 45 ft models with more vertical layers yield lower mound heights than models with less vertical layers. Input values for aquifer and stormwater-runoff characteristics other than those used to obtain the results shown in table 4 and figure 11 could yield larger departures of mound heights from the analytical and 3-layer models, but the input variables for simulations shown were chosen to obtain a high groundwater mound, and most values for input variables would yield smaller mound-height differences (although potentially larger percentage differences) than shown. These results indicate how sensitive simulated results can be to vertical anisotropy and how results achieved under field conditions could be affected by horizontal low-permeability layers.

Simulations of groundwater mounding beneath infiltration basins will underestimate the maximum height of mounding if vertical anisotropy is not included. Horizontal layers of lower permeability material are common in many geologic environments and have a substantial effect on vertical flow (but have less effect on horizontal flow than over- or underlying higher-permeability layers). Beneath and near an

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SPECIFIC YIELD ...

COMPILATION OF SPECIFIC YIELDS

FOR VARIOUS MATERIALS

By A. I. Johnson

PREPARED IN COOPERATION WITH THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 505 MARQUETTE NW, RM 720 ALBUQUERQUE, N.M. 87102 WRD, LICARY

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Denver, Colorado 1963 Revised 1966 Table 28.--Compilation of specific yield for various materials

s

[All values rounded off to nearest whole percentage]

bleit siliseqe sgerevA	2	80	7	21	26	27	25	25	23	22
Little Bighorn River Valley, Mont. (Moulder and others, 1960)	:	17	ł	32	32	32	32	25	25	-
Unconsolidated Alluvium (Preuss and Todd, 1963)	:	4	1	23	28	28	22	17	13	12
Humboldt River Valley, Nev. (Cohen, 1963)	0.5	19		26	28	27		19	8	
Napa-Sonoma Valleys, Calif. (Kunkel and Upson, 1960)	m	5	10	20	20	20	20	25	25	25
Кесћпа Doab, Раків£ап (Кагші, 1961)	ε	Ω	ł	27	28	23	23	26	26	26
Santa Ynez Basin, Calif. (Wilson, 1959)	S	5	1 1	20	30	30	1	25	25	25
Eureka area, Calif. (Evenson, 1959)	ε	10	10	20	20	20	20	25	25	25
San Josquin Valley, Calif. (Davis and others, 1959)	Э	ъ	5	10	25	25	25	25	25	25
San Luis Obispo Gounty, Calif. (Calif. Water Resources Board, 1958)	3	Ś	5	25	25	25	21	21	21	21
Tia Juana Basin, Calif. (Calif. Water Rights Board, 1957)	1	10	S	25	30	32	28	26	23	18
Santa Margarita Valley, Calif. (Calif. Dept. Public Works, 1956)	1	10	2	28	28	28	22	22	22	22
Ventura County, Calif. (Calif. Water Resources Board, 1956)	0	Υ	2	25	25	25	21	21	21	21
Smith River Plain, Calif. (Back, 1957)	1	;	5	10	15	25	25	25	25	25
Sacramento Valley, Calif. (Poland and others, 1949)	3	°.	3	10	20	20	20	25	25	25
Santa Ynez River Basin, Calif. (Upson and Thomasson, 1951)	5	12	12	12	30	35	. 35	35	!	1
Mokelumne Area, Calif. (Piper and others, 1939)	4	4	4	26	26	35	35	35	1	1
Valley fill, Calif. (Eckis, 1934)	н	10	10	21	31	31	31	27	21	14
Material	Clay	Silt	Sandy clay	Fine sand	Medium sand	Coarse sand	Gravelly sand	Fine gravel	Medium gravel	Coarse gravel

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90 111

12 DETERMINING THE SATURATED HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY

R.J. Oosterbaan and H.J. Nijland

On web site <u>www.waterlog.info</u>

Chapter 12 in: H.P.Ritzema (Ed.), Drainage Principles and Applications. International Institute for Land Reclamation and Improvement (ILRI), Publication 16, second revised edition, 1994, Wageningen, The Netherlands. ISBN 90 70754 3 39

12.5.2. Correlation methods

The correlation methods for determining K-values in drainage surveys are frequently based on relationships between the K-value and one or more of the following soil properties: texture, pore-size distribution, grain-size distribution, or with the soil mapping unit. Details of soil properties were given in Chapter 3.

Soil Texture

Soil texture refers to the percentage of sand, silt, and clay particles in the soil. Texture or textural class is often used for the correlation of K- values with other hydraulic properties of the soil (e.g. water-holding capacity and drainable pore space) (Wösten, 1990).

Aronovici (1947) presented a correlation between the content of silt and clay of subsoil materials in the Imperial Valley in California, U.S.A., and the results of hydraulic laboratory tests. Smedema and Rycroft (1983) give generalized tables with ranges of K-values for certain soil textures (Table 12.3). Such tables (See also Chapter 7, Table 7.2), however, should be handled with care. Smedema and Rycroft warn that: "Soils with identical texture may have quite different K-values due to differences in structure" and "Some heavy clay soils have well-developed structures and much higher K-values than those indicated in the table".

	Table 12.3	Range of K-values b	y soil texture ((Smedema and R	ycroft 1983)
--	------------	---------------------	------------------	----------------	--------------

Texture	K (n	n/day)	
Gravelly course sand	10	-	50
Medium sand	1	-	5
Sandy loam, fine sand	1	-	3
Loam, well structured clay loam and clay	0.5	-	2
Very fine sandy loam	0.2	-	0.5
Poorly structured clay loam and clay	0.002	-	0.2
Dense clay (no cracks, no pores)	< 0.002		

Pore-Size Distribution of the Soil

The pore-size distribution, the regularity of the pores, and their continuity has a great influence on the soil's K-values. Nevertheless, the study and characterization of the porosity aiming at an assessment of the K-values is not sufficiently advanced to be practical on a large scale.

An example of the complexity of such a study using micromorphometric data is given by Bouma et al. (1979) for clay soils. Another example is given by Marshall (1957), who determined the pore-size distribution using the relationship between soil-water content and matric head (Chapter 3). Applying Poiseuille's Law to a number of fractions of the pF-curve, he was able to calculate the K-value. Marshall's method is mainly applicable to granular (sandy) soils having no systematic continuous pores.

Grain-Size Distribution of the Soil

In sandy soils, which have no systematic continuous pores, the soil permeability is related to the grain-size distribution. Determining the K- value from the grain-size distribution uses the specific surface ratio (U) of the various grain-size classes. This U-ratio is defined as the total surface area of the soil particles per unit mass of soil, divided by the total surface area of a unit soil mass consisting of spherical particles of 1 cm diameter. The U-ratio, the porosity, and a shape factor for the particles and the voids allow us to calculate the hydraulic conductivity.

This method is seldom used in land drainage practice because the homogeneous, isotropic, purely-granular soils to which it applies are rare. An example of its use for deep aquifers is given in de Ridder and Wit (1965).



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at Area of Interest (AOI) С 1:12.000. Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Soils Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. D Soil Rating Polygons Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause Not rated or not available А misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Water Features line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of A/D contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed Streams and Canals В scale. Transportation B/D Rails +++ Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map С measurements. Interstate Highways C/D Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service US Routes \sim Web Soil Survey URL: D Major Roads Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available ~ Local Roads Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Soil Rating Lines Background distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the А -Aerial Photography Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more A/D accurate calculations of distance or area are required. в This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. B/D Soil Survey Area: State of Rhode Island: Bristol, Kent, Newport, С Providence, and Washington Counties C/D Survey Area Data: Version 22, Sep 12, 2022 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales D 1:50.000 or larger. Not rated or not available an ai Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 24, 2020—Jul Soil Rating Points 18, 2020 А The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were A/D compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor В shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident. B/D

Hydrologic Soil Group-State of Rhode Island: Bristol, Kent, Newport, Providence, and Washington Counties

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
MmA	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	22.8	73.4%
Ss	Sudbury sandy loam	В	8.3	26.6%
Totals for Area of Intere	st		31.1	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

USDA

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher

		STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS Department of Environmental Management Office of Water Resources Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems Program									
Property O Property Lo Date of Tes Soil Evalua Weather:	wner: bocation: st Hole: itor:	ERE Tar De-co otev	GR Kne -Emk en t	eatty	Site Eva art A $-$ Soil I (P $)$ $C($ $)$ $($ P $)$ $C($ $)$ $()$	Iluation Form Profile Description Dac 4 Dac 4 Da	Application	on Number Neck Neck Time:	2201 HII R	Co-VAC Cad (Ca	22 2014
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Bwz	18-24	FCL	w	10yr 5/Le	popp	Karble	Gral	Engr	L	l	-61
C	24"-10	X		2.54	1091e	Many pron Conc @ 30	Gr5	des	L	Im	.61
		510	ENALL	s Ke	377 (Collapsin	XG				San encon landar landar menodera
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BWZ	14-22	n te	ч	Ale	- Ani	96.	51	f-mar	VFr	3	
C	22'-10	+		2.54	7542	Concest	Gra	95G	L	lm	
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		STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS Department of Environmental Management Office of Water Resources Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems Program Site Further Form										
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TH_22 Horizon	Depth	Horizon B Dist	oundaries Topo	Soil C Matrix	Colors Re-Dox Features	Ab. S.	Dox Contr.	Texture	Structure	Consistence	Soil Category	THE REPORT OF STREET
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C	21-12	+		2.54				Gr G, COS	ØSG	L	Im	.61
			67	ratif	red							unant of a part
TH <u>4</u> Horizon	Depth	Horizon B Dist	oundaries Topo	Soil C Matrix	Colors Re-Dox Features	Re-	Dox Contr.	Texture	Structure	Consistence	Soil Category	
AP	D-9"	Ab	5	1042			- Ne	FSL	F-mar WSEL	VER	9	
Bw	9-18	a	W	101R 5/A	T. M.	0	DVID.	SL	~ ~ ~	VFr	3	- 70
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TH <u>3</u> TH <u>4</u> Comments:	Soil Class	"C" "C" ped	Total Di	epth <u>12</u> + epth <u>10</u> +	Impervious/Li Impervious/Li	imiting Laye	r Depth 📐	Ste A (ag) GW A (ag) GW	Rody Ac Seepage Depth Seepage Depth	<u>1'6</u> 'SHWT 50'SHWT	<u>60'(og)</u> 24''(og)	-

	STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS Department of Environmental Management Office of Water Resources Onsite Wastewater Treatment Systems Program										
Property Owner: Property Location: Date of Test Hole: Soil Evaluator: Weather:	KRE Hor Dec Otev	ER Ener En t	eatty 2 th ten e	Site Eva art A-Soil VI P Z I Z	Profile Des And Control Contr	rm Cription CAA License Shaded:	Application	n Number N PCK A D 2 (D Time:	2201 HII Re 20 7-11	e-VAC ad li	22 20try
TH S Horizon Dept	h , Dist	oundaries Topo	Soil C Matrix	Colors Re-Dox Features	Re-	Dox Contr.	Texture	Structure	Consistence	Soil Category	
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S.F.M. ENGINEERING ASSOCIATE, 410 TIOGUE AVENUE COVENTRY, R.I., 02816 (401) 826-3736 PROJECT <u>CUJENTRY CROSSING</u> LOCATION <u>A.P. 10 LOT 29</u>

COVENTRY, R.I. SHT. NO. ___ of ____

TH - No				GROUND	WATER	READING	S		
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74-3	253.6	DRY 9.6	DRY. 9.6.	DRY 9.6	DRY 8.7'	B.7		249.9	
94-4	257.7	DRY 9.5	DRY 9.3	DRY 9.3	.8.1'	DRY : 3.3'		249.6	
74-5	25.4.6	8.0	7.0'	7.21	5.0	5.21		247.6	
94-6	255.3	3.5	7.5	7.7'	5.4'	5.51		249.9	
94-7	253.1	6.5	5.7	6.0'	3.71	3.5		249.4	
94-8	:55.1	3.5	7.6		5.6	5.8'		249.5	
94-9	254,4	8.5	7.5	7.6'	5.3'	5.11		249.1	
94-10	253.3	7.5	6.4'	6.6'	4.4'	4.4.'		Z48.9	
94-11	253.6	7.71	6.8'	7.0'	4.7'	4.8'		248.9	,
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National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



Legend



Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

MCCUE ENVIRONMENTAL, LLC



CONSULTING AND WETLAND PERMITTING SERVICES

(401) 595-4276

January 2, 2024

Samuel S. Hemenway, PE Garofalo & Associates, Inc. 85 Corliss Street Providence, Rhode Island 02940

Subject: REVISED Wetland Delineation Report for Harkney Hill Road, AP 10, Lot 29, Coventry, RI

Dear Mr. Hemenway:

This letter presents my findings regarding wetlands investigation at the above referenced project in Coventry, Rhode Island. The investigation was done in accordance with the Rhode Island Freshwater Wetlands Act (R.I.G.L. 2-1-18 et. seq.) and associated Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Rules and Regulations governing the Administration and Enforcement of the Freshwater Wetlands Act (adopted July 1, 2022 (250-RICR-150-15-2)) (hereinafter referred to as RIDEM Rules). My qualifications include over 27 years' experience in the practice of wetland science and environmental impact assessment. I am a Professional Soil Scientist with the Society of Soil Scientists of Southern New England (SSSSNE) and a Professional Wetland Scientist (#2010) certified by the Society of Wetland Scientists (SWS).

The subject property is located on the north side of Harkney Hill Road, west of the Nooseneck Hill Road intersection, on AP 10, Lot 29 in Coventry, Rhode Island. I originally conducted the site reconnaissance for wetlands on June 14, 2022; at that time, I delineated a single area of wetland and observed a stormwater detention basin. I performed a second on-site investigation on December 29, 2023 to review the rea noted on Figure 2 where shallow, standing water was present. The Web Soil Survey available online at http://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx) and the Rhode Island Geographic Information System (RIGIS) were consulted as a part of this effort.

The identified wetland, represented by flag series WF100 – WF107. This wetland is a replicated wetland area approved under DEM File # 94-0525. At the time of my inspection, there was standing water in the wetland with duckweed indicating the prolonged presence of standing water, and I did not observe breeding evidence of amphibians. It is unlikely that this wetland is a vernal pool. Therefore, it is my opinion that this wetland should be classified as a Pond < 1/4 acre. Vegetation observed in the Pond includes pussy willow (*Salix discolor*), Russian olive (*Elaeagnus umbellata*), sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), winterberry (*Ilex verticillata*), three-way sedge (*Dulichium arundinaceum*), glossy buckthorn (*Rhamnus frangula*), woolgrass bulrush (*Scirpus cyperinus*) and duckweed (*Lemna* sp.)

The area of upland includes forest habitat and agricultural field. Although there are some wetland indicator vegetative species located in the forested upland habitat, the soil profiles observed throughout the site contain strong indicators of upland soils, with a B-horizon matrix color of 10YR 5/6. Therefore, in my opinion, there are no freshwater wetlands located anywhere else on the subject property. Vegetation observed throughout the forested upland areas include red oak (*Quercus rubra*), white oak (*Quercus alba*), glossy buckthorn, multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*), Russian olive, early sedge (*Carex pensylvanica*), Canada mayflower (*Maianthemum canadense*) and Asiatic bittersweet (*Celastrus orbiculatus*).

As noted, there is a constructed stormwater detention basin at the western portion of the property that collects stormwater runoff from the Wisteria Drive neighborhood (See Figure 2). This should not be classified as a wetland feature as it was constructed as a stormwater basin. There is a previously

excavated channel that exists this detention pond, and directs excess water from the pond where it discharges into a forested low point of the property. During an investigation on December 29, 2023, this low area contained shallow standing water. It is noted that over an inch of rain fell one day prior to this inspection, and December had 7.42 inches of rain through the 28th of December.

I reviewed several soil profiles in this area, both during this inspection and my original inspection for the delineation. The soils in this depressed area are also non-hydric, like the soils found in the remaining areas of the property. The B-horizon was noted to have a 10YR 5/6 matrix color, with no reducing conditions observed. Large white pine trees occupy this area, and buckthorn, hay-scented fern, highbush blueberry, and red maple are present. It is my opinion that although this low area does receive excess stormwater from the detention pond, there are no areas in this location that should be considered jurisdictional wetland because the water does not come from jurisdictional wetland, nor are there characteristics of prolonged wetland hydrology.

Pursuant to the Rules, a 'Jurisdictional Area' of either 100- or 200-feet is applied to all wetlands, and Buffer Zones are applied to each wetland depending on its type, in what Region of the State it is in, and other various factors including whether a property falls within a public water drinking supply watershed.

This property is within River Region 2 and is not located within a drinking water supply watershed. Therefore, the following table identifies each identified wetland, their Jurisdictional Areas, and the designated Buffer Zones:

	Jurisdictional Areas and Buffer Zones Effective July 1, 2022						
Wetland	Jurisdictional Area	Buffer Zones*					
WF100 – WF107	100 ft.	25 ft.					
Pond $< 1/4$ acre		(see below & Figure 2)					

*The RIDEM Rules define 'Existing Conditions. An existing area is defined as "A condition that was a.) a condition that was present as of the enactment of the Act (July 1971) or its applicable amendments and that has continually remained in the same condition; or b. A condition that is present and was approved under the Act (July 1971) or its applicable amendments; or c. A condition that was present on the effective date of these Rules that was in a previously non-regulated area and which is now, pursuant to these Rules, a regulated area; or d. A condition that has naturally occurred and is currently present." The agricultural field has been existing, maintained and used for agricultural purposes since well before the enactment of the Rules in 1971.

In addition, it further states in **2.5.8 Existing Conditions:** A. The continued existing use of property located within a jurisdictional area as established by these Rules is not affected, provided the use conforms to the definition of existing in § 2.4(A)(24) of this Part, and provided such condition or activity does not otherwise constitute a violation of these Rules.

Please note that only the Director of RIDEM can determine what is to be known as Freshwater Wetland in Rhode Island. As such, the information provided herein represents the best professional judgment of McCue Environmental, LLC, and should not be construed to represent the finding of any regulatory agency.

S. Hemenway July 2022_Revised January 2024

Thank you for the opportunity to work with you on this project. Please contact me at (401) 595-4276) if you have any questions regarding this work, or if you require additional information.

Sincerely yours, MCCUE ENVIRONMENTAL, LLC

Joseph P. McCue, PWS President Principal Environmental Scientist

Attachments:

Figure 1:	Site Location
Figure 2:	Approximate Location of Wetlands



